Cambria Freeman
Is Published Weekly at
EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.,
BY JAMES G. HASSON,

Guaranteed Circulation, - - - - - 1,200

Subscription Rates.

Single copy, 1 year, cash in advance.....$1.50
" " 6 months, if not paid within 3 months, 1.75
" " 4 " do if not paid within 6 months, 2.00
" " 3 " do if not paid within the year, 2.25

☞ To persons residing outside of the county 50 cents additional per year will be charged to cover postage.

☞ No paper will be sent till the above terms be complied with, viz., and those who don't consult their own interests by paying in advance must not expect to be placed on the same footing as those who do. Let this fact be distinctly understood from the outset.

☞ Look out for your paper before you stop it, if stopped you will be charged with the year. None but scalawags do otherwise—don't be a scalawag—life is too short.

Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

VOLUME XXXI. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1897. NUMBER 35.

Advertising Rates.

The large and reliable circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of advertisers whose favors will be inserted at the following low rates:

1 inch, 3 times	$ 1.50
1 inch, 3 months	2.50
1 inch, 6 months	4.50
1 inch 1 year	8.00
2 inches 6 months	8.00
2 inches, 1 year	15.00
3 inches 6 months	12.00
3 inches, 1 year	20.00
¼ column, 6 months	15.00
½ column, 6 months	25.00
½ column 1 year	45.00
1 column, 6 months	80.00
1 column, 1 year	150.00

Business Items, first insertion, 10c. per line subsequent insertions, 5c. per line
Administrator's and Executor's Notices, $2.50
Auditor's Notices, 2.50
Stray and similar Notices, 1.00
☞ Resolutions of proceedings of any corporation or society and communications designed to call attention to any matter of limited or individual interest must be paid for as advertisements.

Book and Job Printing of all kinds neatly and expeditiously executed at the lowest prices. And don't you forget it.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN
SAPOLIO
IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

FARMERS!
TAKE NOTICE

Having made some extensive improvements in the

OLD SHENKLE MILL

we are now prepared to turn out FIRST-CLASS WORK on Short Notice. Soliciting a portion of your patronage, I remain

S. D. LUDWIG,
PROPRIETOR.

"NO MORE DOCTORS FOR ME! They said I was consumptive, sent me to Florida, told me to keep quiet, no excitement, and no tennis. Just think of it. One day I found a little book called 'Guide to Health,' by Mrs. Pinkham, and in it I found out what ailed me. So I wrote to her, got a lovely reply, told me just what to do, and I am in splendid health now."
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound
removes all those weaknesses and ailments so prevalent with the sex, and restores perfect health.
All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00.
For the cure of Kidney Complaints, either sex, the Compound has no rival.
Mrs. Pinkham freely answers letters of inquiry. Enclose stamp for reply.
Send two 2-cent stamps for Mrs. Pinkham's beautiful 88-page illustrated book, entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH AND ETIQUETTE." It contains a volume of valuable information. It has saved lives, and may save yours.
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.
By Dr. STARKEY, THE CANCER SPECIALIST.
Of Great Interest to the Fair Sex.
The positive and permanent removal of unsightly and malignant growth, by a painless method, is good news for thousands of ladies afflicted with this unnatural growth. With Dr. Starkey's genuine and pleasing treatment there is no possibility of failure and positively no pain. The cure is a delight. It may be applied by a lady of any age. With Dr. Stinert's remedy the application for a few moments, with a small brush, reveals its effectiveness. It removes the hair without the slightest injury to the most delicate skin, causing no bursting or itching sensation and leaves no scar or blemish of any kind. Persons at a distance by following the directions, can effect a cure at home without the expense of visiting the doctor. Explicit directions are given with each order. Write at once for circulars or call on Dr. C. Starkey, 39 Seventh Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

OH! MY BACK
Every strain or cold attacks that weak back and nearly prostrates you.
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.
QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY
On Every Bottle.
Trade Mark
THE BEST TONIC
Strengthens the Muscles, Stenches the Nerves,
Enriches the Blood. Gives New Vigor.
DR. J. L. MYERS, Fairfield, Iowa, says:
"Brown's Iron Bitters is the best Iron medicine I have known in my 30 years' practice. I have found it specially beneficial in nervous or physical exhaustion, and in all debilitating ailments that bear so heavily on the system. Use it freely in my own family."
MR. W. F. BROWN, 857 Main St., Covington, Ky., says: "I was completely broken down in health and troubled with pains in my back. Brown's Iron Bitters entirely restored me to health."
Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.
Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

THE ACCIDENTS OF LIFE
Write to T. S. QUINCEY, Drawer 156, Chicago, Secretary of the STAR ACCIDENT COMPANY, for information regarding Accident Insurance. Mention this paper. By so doing you can save membership fee. Has paid over $600,000.00 for accidental injuries.
Be your own Agent.
NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION REQUIRED

A MIDNIGHT SURPRISE.

By Elvira Floyd Frocnecke.

LIFE in our family has always been agitated by unexpected happenings. Proper, well-regulated superstitions have a way of reversing results which is humiliating and depressing. When Algernon bought a new tan-colored coat under the impression that it would please his sweetheart and give him a smart, fashionable air he found that tan was unbecoming, that his sweetheart preferred gray and that the latest hue for spring coats was a striking shade of plum.

Clarisse, too, had the same well-developed propensity; for on presenting a young lawyer (of tender heart and intellectual tendencies) with a book by Mr. Hall Caine she found that he had read all that gifted man's works and was eager to learn something of the brighter light, Zangwill.

Poor Aunt Polly fell ill with grippe. She suffered long and recovered slowly. It left a legacy in the shape of a nasty cough that refused to be quieted. One fine day she took courage and went to call upon some dear friends. The old ladies were in. They were delighted to see her, but were very much distressed about her cold. During the shifting conversation, which covered the broad field that lay between oratorios and home soapmaking, they recommended numberless cures. Towards five o'clock Aunt Polly rose to go. There was a flashing eye signal between the kind old hostess and importunate "Oh, don't go's!" from both.

Aunt Polly sank gracefully in her chair as one of the ladies disappeared. Throughout the period of waiting most pleasant thoughts were borne in her mind. How kind they were! How delightful to again visit old friends! What would the coming refection be? Probably tea; maybe coffee. No! More likely cocoa, and possibly elderberry wine or bouillon. She finally arranged the probabilities between elderberry wine and cocoa, while apparently deeply engaged in conversation with her entertainer.

A slight bustle at the door. A click of a spoon. She turned her head to see the apparition of a female figure advancing, which held in one hand a large bottle of cod liver oil, in the other the hugest silver tablespoon ever made.

A spoonful was poured out slowly and handed to the unfortunate guest. She gulped down the dreadful dose and hastily made her escape. Aunt Polly is a Christian, and nothing transpired that was disastrous to friendship or good breeding. But, oh, how she did think!

We were all a bit chary of superstitions, because of our peculiar experiences. There is that one of a black cat bringing good luck; but when Eloise scratched her dainty hand on wearing a black-cat pin for the first time, and when Cousin Belle's story was sent flying back as "unavailable" by the editor of the Black Cat magazine, we were not eager to welcome the tremendous black-coated, yellow-eyed pussy, that Gerald assured us would make happiness for all the family.

Still she was a lady, and had some pretensions to beauty, so we adopted her, and baptized her "Devil." She certainly acted as if about to change conditions, for nothing serious occurred, and beyond a propensity for lying on the most comfortable bed she could find, or dipping her dainty paw in an ink bottle—imitating the writer—she was most exemplary.

Sometimes it annoyed us that we had not a good terrier in Devil's place. She could kill rats, of course, but could give no alarm in case thieves entered the house. We tried adding a bright little black-and-tan terrier to our family. This would not do at all. Devil must reign supreme, and the dog was banished.

Burglaries began to be frequent in the neighborhood. The pater and mater were going abroad, and we home guard were on our mettle. We were taught and retaught pistol practice until we were sure of our man, did he dare offer his body as target.

The gunsmith had never sold so many pistols, nor such quantities of ammunition, since he had taken his shop. He was a queer little man with a bent back and a deep-set eye. His grimy hands, greasy knee-caps and odor of gunpowder were his trademarks. He looked as harmless as a pearl-handled revolver; but the way his prices rose to meet this demand, and the fables he concocted about his antique stock, showed his capability for improving opportunities.

Still with paternal solicitude the household head was loth to leave us without further precautions for our safety.

A burglar alarm was added to the household attachments. It was of an electric construction; and there were numerous dynamos and endless electric wires flying around the house for a week or more.

Finally all was complete. Each bed had a formidable row of wires and batteries; while within easy touch of the hand was a small crank that set bells ringing in furious clamor.

We were alone at last. Each morning Charles Augustus, the colored gentleman who arranges our destinies and receives our guests, set the alarms, to which all the bells responded merrily. Each night Algernon and I examined our weapons and laid plans to meet the marauder.

After several nights of broken slumber, when each heard noises and met in corridor, pistol laden and in light attire, we conceived that it was absurd to meet trouble two-thirds of the way. So we settled down to peaceful sleep and long nights of rest.

We had had a delightful holiday. For two days friends had visited us. We had been in town, sight-seeing and wonder-gazing, ending with a dance one night, a trip to the theater the next. Again we had settled down to get rid of our Saturday night's tire with really pleasant anticipation.

I dreamed of Christmas; then, that we were waiting to see the old year out, when I awakened, and the bells were all ringing! Every electric alarm twanging a mighty burr-r-r-r, added to which were the gongs of the front and back doors, while sounds of voices from excited men outside added to the noisy blare.

I rushed to the hall, forgetting my pistol, and met Algernon, clad in pistols and night shirt, hurrying to the front door.

"Have you killed him?" I cried, supposing at least one burly corpse must be lying somewhere near.

"Killed her, you mean," sneered Algernon, rushing downstairs. "No! I haven't, but by Jove I will."

I thought he had gone mad and was almost frantic with terror. Still I did lean over the baluster and saw the captain of police, the sergeant, six big policemen and eight sympathizing neighbors forming a line that was like an interrogation point.

Algernon looked dignified, though the circumstances were trying. He kept the throng quiet and explained quickly, answering the shower of questions that assailed him with:

"I am very sorry, gentlemen. Our alarm was set and we were sleeping soundly. The bells were set in motion by our cat who took a notion to play with the crank."

Not a smile came to those expectant faces. Poor men! It was a cold morning—two a. m.—and they intended to capture at least one man after their trying ordeal. Slowly they filed out and Algernon reclimbed the stairs. Disgust and gloom were written over his dejected face and manner. I looked up to say: "Oh, Algernon! I am mortified to death."

Suddenly the lad burst into an uncontrollable fit of laughter. "Not a burglar! Confound the alarm! I believe there never was one that went off at the right time. And where is that cat! She must be abolished. This is not the first time the devil raised a neighborhood, but it will be the last time here;" and he went in search of the imp, whose sagacity saved her neck, as she had broken our peace.—New England Grocer.

TOOK THEIR ADVICE.

Lieut. Tyler Took a Ferry, But It Did Not Take Him to Capt. Sicard.

When Rear Admiral Sicard, who took command of the North Atlantic squadron the other day, was a captain he was stationed for a time on the old receiving ship Vermont in the Brooklyn navy yard. To him Lieut. Hanson R. Tyler, now retired, was ordered to report for duty on the Vermont.

Tyler was a big, round, good-natured Vermonter, with a long, nasal, down-east drawl, and all the navy had nicknamed him "Horse." It happened this time that "Horse" reported four days late, and Capt. Sicard was annoyed. The captain was not a martinet, but he was a believer in strict discipline and in the fullest performance of duty. When he was in command of a vessel it was always shipshape. When he was in command of a navy yard things moved off as it was intended they should move. So, when Tyler came aboard the Vermont Capt. Sicard was displeased because of his tardiness.

"Good morning, Capt. Sicard,' drawled Tyler. "I am ordered to the Vermont, and I am here to report to you for duty."

"Good morning, Mr. Tyler," answered Capt. Sicard. "Will you have the goodness to explain why you are four days late?"

"Certainly, captain," said Tyler, with just the suspicion of a grin and an extra attenuation in his drawl. "You see, my orders were to report aboard the Vermont at Boston. I went to Boston and found that the Vermont was at Brooklyn. I didn't know whether to bring Boston down to the Vermont or the Vermont up to Boston. While I was debating the matter I got a telegram from the department (he pulled it out and showed it to Capt. (Sicard) that said 'For Boston in your orders read Brooklyn,' so I came down to New York yesterday. I'd never been in Brooklyn, so I asked a man how to get the Brooklyn navy yard, and he said I'd better take a ferry, so I took a ferry, and when I got off I asked a man how to get to the Brooklyn navy yard, and he said: 'Take a ferry.' I asked him what that place was, and he said: 'Staten Island.' So I took a ferry, and when it stopped it was in a place a man said was Communipaw. I asked him how to get to the Brooklyn navy yard, and he said: 'Take a ferry.' I thought it wasn't a good place for me to be around loose in at night, so I got a hotel and went to bed, and this morning I hired a boy for 50 cents to pilot me to the Brooklyn navy yard; and, by the way, captain, have you got that sum in your clothes?"

And they say "Horse" Tyler got off.—N. Y. Sun.

A BLACK CAT'S VISIT.

Fate of a Woman Who Believed It Brought Good Luck.

The black cat superstition certainly has a strong hold. A strange black cat came to the residence of a Troy family during the present year, and it was occasionally fed by the kind-hearted woman of the house. The cat kept coming, says the Troy Press, and insisted upon domesticating itself, and the woman laughingly remarked to her friends that it was a sign of good luck. But she had no children, and did not want to be troubled with a cat. She told her husband that he must get rid of it. They disliked to kill the cat, and finally decided to take it into the country and drop it.

Late one afternoon they put the cat in a bag and drove about five miles, when they untied the bag and freed the cat, after which they returned rapidly. The woman died inside of half an hour after reaching home, an accident befalling her.

If it be good luck for a black cat to come to one's house, it surely must signify poor luck to take or drive it away. The woman was familiar with the omen, as she had repeatedly referred to it, but probably never stopped to consider that such a sign would imply evil consequences if the harbinger of good was turned away. At all events, she took the black cat away and was killed almost immediately thereafter. While we take no stock whatever in this popular superstition we know the facts to be as stated.

A few days after the funeral the cat came back.

UPRISING OF THE CHEYENNES.

People Who Have Guns and Can Shoot Are Not Afraid of Them.

The people who live in the Powder river country are accustomed to the reports of Indian uprisings. The scares have their beginnings in small events. The one in 1884 was started by two drunken cattlemen, who were sitting in a house when three Indians came riding up the road on their ponies. One of them, who had been drinking more than was good for him, made a bet that he could raise the hat from the head of one of the approaching Indians with his rifle without scalping him. So he opened fire, and he did raise the Indian's hat, but he shot a trifle too low and creased his scalp, not hurting him, seriously, but starting the blood and making the Indians angry. They rode away, and that night came with a band of their companions and burned the ranch houses down. The residents of that section organized a posse of 200 or 300 and went after the Indians in earnest, but the men who fired the ranch were subsequently surrendered, and the affair quieted down without more bloodshed.

The Cheyennes then had a little settlement on Otter creek, at its confluence with the Tongue river. Afterward a lot more of their tribesmen joined them, and there a mission was established for them, where the government now takes care of them. At that time they were not cared for at all, and their only means of living was by hunting and stealing. They were treacherous and undesirable as neighbors. They would always look around when they made a visit to a ranch to see whether there was any arms around, and if there were not they would set upon the people and rob them of everything they had in broad daylight before their eyes. If they met a man on a horse on the ranch who was not armed they would set him afoot on the spot and take his horse and outfit along with them.

They are the same Indians who took part in the raid in Nebraska and afterward participated in the Custer massacre. The Cheyennes are not a particularly high class of Indian, though. They are not especially brave, and I never saw one who was a good shot. They are rapidly diminishing in numbers. The locality where they are now was once a fine hunting ground, but that day is gone. They are fed by the government and furnished with some of the comforts of civilization, but for the most part they retain their original customs from preference. They live in houses a part of the time, but eat on the ground when tables are furnished them, and in many other ways show reluctance to enter into the spirit of the government in its efforts to civilize them.—Helena (Mont.) Independent.

STORY OF A CAPTURE.

Wit of a Wife Saved Her Husband from the Officers.

"If I hadn't seen it with my own eyes," said the old forty-niner, "I wouldn't be a tellin' it. In our camp we had got kinder civerlized and unless a feller was strung up immediate for liftin' dust what didn't belong ter him, or ridin' off with a hoss not havin' title ter th' same, we locked him up and held him fur a fair trial. We had a reg'ler officers an' guards an' the convicts had ter work gettin' in wood an' cleanin' up 'round camp.

"One fine-lookin' feller came in there with his wife, an' she war finer lookin' nor he was. I never knowed yet whether he done it or not, but it war charged that he was caught crawlin' out from a tent with his partner's swag. We caught him an' put him inter th workin' gang till the gran' jury could set on him. He had a mighty fine hoss that a lot of us wanted ter buy, but his wife wouldn't sell an' took care of him as good as a man could do.

"On a Saturday night that feller broke guard. While we was chasin 'round a Chinerman noterfied us as how th' man was at home with his wife. They must have heerd us comin', fur there was a rush from th' back door there was as purty a spring into the saddle as you ever see an' all of us wen clatterin' after th' big hoss while he rider waved a hat an' mocked at us. We follered fer miles, droppin' out one by one till me an' th' sheriff had th' trail. We could change hosses, but fur ten hours that there big black kept th' road an' showed us his heels. Then his rider jist coolly got off and set down on a log ter wait fur us. We galloped up with guns in both han's an' ordered a surrender. Durn me if it wasn't th' purty woman, an' we never see either of 'em again."—Detroit Free Press.

CORRESPONDENCE POINTS.

Write legibly; if you cannot, you should learn to do so. Practice makes perfect.

To write a good hand is an essential accomplishment which every woman should acquire.

Answer every note or letter, except such as may be impertinent or insulting; these are not worthy your notice.

Plain, white unruled paper is always the most refined and elegant for note paper and envelopes, though a delicate gray is not in bad taste.

Place the postage stamp in a straight, that is, vertical position, in the upper right hand corner of the envelope. It argues great carelessness to put the stamp on in any sort of a fashion.

Avoid gairishness in color and decoration in your note paper. It is exceedingly poor taste to use red or green ink, or orange-colored note paper, or paper of any other strong color.—Ladies' World.

Dancing in Paraguay.

The women of Paraguay have but one pastime, that of dancing. They wear white robes, but leave their shapely shoulders and tapering arms all bare. A gold comb of enormous size is the only ornament. Parties are gotten up on the slightest pretext. The dances are in quaint, original figures, but nearly always very graceful. Sometimes the festivities will be kept up through the entire night, after which the participants will gayly return to their occupations of whatever nature, always contented, always happy. Sometimes there will be a grand contribution picnic at some distant point, where the dancing will be kept up through the round of a whole 24 hours. For these people live to be happy through the livelong day.—Chicago News.

MAINE MOONLIGHT.

Crooked Whisky as It Is Made in the Temperance State.

A Liquor That Carves Its Way Down and Makes a Man Disown His Parents—Dodging the Law.

For 20 years after the passage of the Neal Dow law there were many illicit stills in Maine, all of which yielded a fair profit to the owners. The hard times, which lasted from 1873 to 1887, drove most of the manufacturers out of the business. Soon afterward an Orland genius discovered a way of making whisky from alcohol by mixing it with water and croton oil, and then the revenue officers rested, believing there were no offenders in the state.

The compound which was put up by the Orland man has been known under various names. It was generally called "split," on account of the way the alcohol was divided, though the inventor and his friends have always termed it "ten-minute whisky," because of the short time in which it was prepared. The cost and manner of making two gallons of ten-minute whisky are as follows:

To one gallon of alcohol, valued at one dollar, add 20 cents' worth of croton oil. Shake well for ten minutes and add a gallon of pure water. The result is two gallons of 40-rod whisky, at a cost of 60 cents a gallon.

Three drinks of this mixture would make a good man disown his parents. The ten-minute whisky came into general use and the owners of the illicit stills moved over the line into New Brunswick in order to live, alcohol came to Maine by the quart, gallon, barrel and hogshead until the Boston dealers grew curious and sent secret agents down east to learn what became of so much raw spirits. When they found out that it was made into ten-minute whisky they doubled the price.

Meanwhile the price of grain went lower and lower every day. Corn, which had generally sold for 70 cents a bushel, and had not gone below 50 cents since the days before the war dropped to 40 cents last fall, held there all winter, and had a downward tendency when the spring of 1897 opened. According to the Maine standard a bushel of corn, when sprouted, roasted, ground up, fermented and distilled, will yield four gallons of whisky, and with corn at 40 cents a bushel good corn whisky should not cost over 20 cents a gallon. As long as alcohol was sold at one dollar a gallon, it was cheaper to make ten-minute whisky than run the risk of conducting a still; but when alcohol and the internal revenue tax on whisky went up, and the price of corn went down, the distilleries started once more and are reported to be doing a good business.

Though some of the Maine liquor dealers are rich and prosperous, most of them lead sorry lives, and are glad enough to get through the year without falling in debt. As their real business must be concealed, a majority of these men conduct cigar or candy stores, or make pretense of being victuallers and boarding house keepers. The few who have saved money enough buy farms in the country, which supply the shops with fresh fruits and vegetables. Of late these farmer saloon keepers have engaged largely in stock raising, keeping fat cattle and hogs on places that can hardly support rabbits. Naturally they have to buy grain; and while they are at it they might as well purchase enough. So great quantities are bought and consumed to fatten the stock and restore fertility to the run-out farms. How much of this goes to fatty tissues for the animals and how much to the illicit stills nobody knows, though when a man who keeps two cows uses ten bags of whole corn a week it may be inferred that the stills get the larger portion.

Another method adopted by the men who cannot afford to own farms and thus make their own whisky is to give heavy patronage to the men who peddle spring water of certified purity. Though all the Maine cities and most of the larger towns have public water works there is no other state of its population in the union where so much so-called spring water is sold. Every place of 5,000 inhabitants is supplied by three to ten water carts, representing as many springs. The teams call at houses and stores every day, leaving full jugs and taking away empty ones. Of late the liquor dealers have begun to patronize those water peddlers very freely, buying ten to twenty-five gallons a week. When asked why they buy so much water, paying from half a cent to a cent and a half a gallon for it, the dealers say that typhoid fever is abroad, and they fear their customers may catch the malady.—N. Y. Sun.

POINTED DARTS.

Some men are polite merely for business.

Anybody feels foolish when he can't answer Bible questions.

A man may not own a pocketbook, and yet have lots of money.

A fellow with a new gold watch cares a good deal about what time it is.

A good many women enjoy telling how they were once so sick that the doctor gave them up.

Some folks wouldn't enjoy giving a party if somebody didn't kick because they were not invited.

When rich parents have girls who can't get through the public schools, they send them away to a female seminary.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

NAMES OF THE DAYS.

Wednesday belonged to Woden, the great god of war.

Monday, or Moon's daeg, was given over to the worship of the moon.

Thor's daeg was named for Thor, the eldest son of Woden and Friga, the bravest of the gods.

Sunday (Sun daeg in the Saxon) comes from the sun, chief object of the Saxon's worship.

Tuesday, or Tuisco's daeg, so called in honor of Tuisco, the son of earth and deified father of the Teutonic race.

Friga's daeg was dedicated to the wife of Woden, and Saturday or Sacter's daeg was called after the god Saeter.

DISEASES OF INFANTS.

Membranous Affections Are the Most Common.

The high mortality among infants is largely due to the widespread occurrence of inflammations of the membranous tract, the exact seat of inflammation varying with the change of the seasons. In summer the mucous membrane of the stomach is likely to be attacked, causing frequent vomiting, which results in an interference with the absorption of nourishment; while a similar inflammation of the mucous membrane of the intestines will cause persistent diarrhoea, with a like result.

In cold weather the mucous membrane of the nose, throat or lungs is oftener the seat of the disease.

The skin of infants, too, offers but a feeble resistance to outside influences. A condition of the blood due to indigestion often gives rise to eczema on the cheeks, scalp and elsewhere, the symptoms being roughness, redness and even moisture—weeping—of the skin. Local irritations, such as moisture, cold, or the rubbing of seams, are apt to give rise to the state known as "chafed skin."

This sensitiveness of the infants' skin should be borne in mind, and the underclothing should be loose, soft, and frequently changed, while nature's skin-tonic for both infants and adults—the bath—should be daily administered.

In view of the quickness with which infants become chilled, especially before the period when they are able to walk, the garment worn next to the skin should be invariably of wool, which material affords the best protection against a too rapid loss of heat. In summer the garment should be thinner, but always of wool. Infants are rarely "bundled up" too much, notwithstanding opinions often freely expressed to the contrary.

The lack of resistance to disease in infancy which has been noted in connection with the skin and the mucous membrane is likewise characteristic of other organs. The most common age at which infectious diseases are contracted is in infancy, and in early infancy they prove more severe than with older children and are oftener fatal.

An impression that "children's diseases" are better once had and done with is entirely at variance with the observation and judgment of the medical profession. The sequence of diseases which the physician so often sees in children, as the result of one of the contagious diseases needlessly contracted, is a lesson which he cannot ignore. One disease enables a child less able to battle successfully with another which may be contracted before he is rid of the first. Wise parents ward off the contagious diseases as long as possible. Even measles frequently proves fatal in the young infant, while in other cases its evil effects are lasting throughout childhood. —Youth's Companion.

BASEBALL.

Detroit recently released four of its players.

Tim Donahue is the hardest loser among the colts.

Danny Friend is pitching winning ball for Kansas City.

McJames, of Washington, doesn't like to pitch on Sunday.

"Buck Ewing's Quitters" is what the reds are now being dubbed.

The colonels make a specialty of double plays in their practice work.

The colts lead the league up to date in the number of double plays made.

Dick Cooley is just now the boss batter and base purloiner of the Phillies.

Frank Selee is said to be willing to wager that Boston will finish one-two.

Catcher Ganzel is the only beat-eater who has been with the team eight years.

It looks as if Tommy Tucker's days in the big league are over. Nobody seems to want him.

St. Paul seems to have a cinch on first place in the western league race, for the present at least.

Buck Ewing is said to have the prettiest set of baseball fingers of any player in the business.

The St. Louis bleacheries roast Von der Ahe whenever they get a glimpse of him in the stand or on the field.

Many a veteran ball player has been relegated to the bench this season and many a youngster has developed into a star.

Bar St. Louis, the western teams have shown themselves to be fully as strong as their eastern rivals on the present shift around.

Catcher Charley Farrell is said to have a new trick this season. In practice he apparently has great difficulty in throwing the ball down to second, but when the game starts he nips the first base runner who tries to steal the bag.

THE FARM.

Young pigs, just weaned, should never be put into a lot with older ones until they have learned to "hustle" for themselves.

Short whiffletrees one foot long are useful in plowing among trees. With them a horse can walk close to the tree without danger of bruising it.

Use your spray pump for whitewashing the poultry house inside. Pour carbolic acid on the lime before slaking, make the wash very thin, add plenty of salt, apply liberally.

Denmark's foreign egg trade has grown to tremendous size, mainly with England. Twenty years ago the annual Danish export of eggs was 600,000; now it is reckoned at 111,000,000.

Something that follows and takes the place of asparagus is Swiss chard. The young and tender leaves make excellent greens, and when older, the center or rib becomes large and juicy. Trim off leaves and cook like asparagus.

Growth of London.

London was considered overbuilt in 1580, and in that year a law was passed against building on lots previously unoccupied. The cry was renewed in 1800, when London contained 160,000 buildings, and again in 1873, the number of inhabited houses then reaching 723,794. In spite of the prophets the big city has continued to add miles of new streets every year.—N. Y. Sun.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—A huge cypress tree in Tule, in the state of Oaxaca, Mexico, is 154 feet in circumference.

—A five-cent stamp must adorn every day book, ledger or other account book kept by a business house in Mexico.

—The cells in the jail at Dover, N. H., are arranged in a circle and revolve, so that the inmates can successively see the country at all points of the compass.

—A bereaved widower in St. Joseph, Mo., took unto himself a second wife before his first spouse was buried. The body of No. 1 had been temporarily placed in a receiving vault.

—In Topeka there is a young married man who really loves his mother-in-law—loves her so much that her daughter has brought suit for alienating her husband's affections.

—A can of boiling lard was on the cook stove, and Miss Stella Evans, of Colorado Springs, put an egg into it to boil. In an instant the egg exploded and the lady was spattered with flying lard.

—A citizen of Buckfield, Me., lost his house and all his furniture by fire. His neighbors came to his relief by the presentation of various household articles, and among them were 40 bedsteads.

—A real estate agent in Newburg, N. Y., engaged a painter to paint a house, inside and out. He gave him the wrong number, and the wrong house was completely painted before the blunder was discovered.

—An extraordinary railroad trip was recently made over the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, from Chicago to Denver. The distance is 1,025 miles, and the trip was made in 1,009 minutes' actual running time.

—A lady in Wilkesbarre, Pa., who died possessed of considerable property left it all to a female friend who had been very kind to her—all except one cent; and this she decreed should be given to her husband five years after her death.

COULDN'T SPANK HER SON.

He Was a Father Himself and Would Have Been Glad to Oblige.

People never get an encouragement for doing the Good Samaritan act in the interests of the public, as the man decided who offered to assist a distracted woman and ameliorate the sufferings of a lot of respectable people on a suburban car.

The boy who howls was in evidence, the curled darling of his only own mother and the terror of everybody else, and he had kept the car in a state of wild excitement and exhausted the patience of everybody, including his doting parent.

"Oh, if your father were only here!" she had said for the fiftieth time, as she tried vainly to restrain the howling terror.

At that he stopped howling long enough to beat the air with his small shins, and the woman on the other side of him remarked audibly that a cage was the proper place for savages like him.

"Johnny, dear," asked his mother, "won't you be a good boy?"

Roars and kicks from Master Johnny.

"Oh, I wish your father were here to give you a good trouncing this very minute!" she wailed as she struggled with him.

Then it was that the philanthropist of the company asserted himself. He had been trying in vain to read his morning paper ever since he started from home.

"Allow me, madam," he said, blandly; "I am a father myself, and I will be happy to chastise your cherub in behalf of his absent parent.

"Oh, no you won't, not if I know it!" said Johnny's mother, rising in her wrath like a tigress. "There ain't that man living dare lay a finger on that boy—his own father or any other ruly old catamount who thinks he knows it all," and she effectually shut off debate by going into the next car and taking the sweet infant with her.—Chicago Times-Herald.

DIMINISHING STATURE.

One of the Chief Causes Is the Military Service Exacted.

This relation between stature and health is brought to concrete expression in the armies of Europe through a rejection of all recruits for service who fall below a certain minimum standard of height, generally about five feet. The result of this, says Popular Science Monthly, is to preclude the possibility of marriage for all the fully developed men during their three years in the barracks, while the undersized individuals, exempted from service on this account, are left free to propagate the species meanwhile. Is it not apparent that the effect of this artificial selection is to put a distinct premium upon inferiority of stature in so far as the future generations are concerned? This enforced postponement of marriage for the normal man implies not merely that the children of normal families are born later in life—that would not be of great moment in itself—it means far more than this. The majority of children are more often born in the earlier half of married life, before the age of 35. Hence a postponement of matrimony means not only later children, but fewer children. Herein lies the great significance of the problem for us. Standing armies tend in this respect to overload succeeding generations with inferior types of men.

Picture Frames.

In the present-day desire for appropriateness in all things, the framing of pictures receives no little attention. If one sees a group of sacred subjects, copies of some great original, either in colors or photograph, placed together in tarees, and so daintily surrounded by a border of triune Gothic arching, gilt or silver, that the effect closely resembles the paneling of a church window, and seems most apposite to the subject. This is usually the favorite Saint Cecilia, one of many Madonnas, or a cathedral interior.—N. Y. Post.

A Culinary Device.

Young Husband—Dear, what was that white powder you dropped into the fire?

Young Wife (cooking)—That was baking powder, stupid! I'm ready to put the cake into the oven.—N. Y. World.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - SEPTEMBER 10, 1897.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Auditor General,
WALTER E. RITTER, of Lycoming county.

For State Treasurer,
M. E. BROWN, of Indiana county.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff,
HERMAN BAUMER, of Johnstown.

For Jury Commissioner,
ALEX SKELLY, of Wilmore.

For Poor Director,
ALEX STRITTMATTER, of Carroll township.

THE London Daily *Graphic* publishes a table comparing the available and prospective English wheat supply at the present time with that of September, 1896, showing a deficiency of nearly 2,000,000 quarters. It is inevitable. The *Graphic* says, that the rise in the price of bread will be maintained.

LAST year the retail grocer sold from 20 to 22 pounds of granulated sugar for one dollar, but at the present time under the new Republican tariff 15 to 16 pounds is all that the same amount will purchase. Sugar is an absolute necessity, and every family in the land is now learning what the tariff means to them. If wages, which constitute the ability to buy, were raised accordingly, there would not be so much room for complaint, but as it is, altogether unjust and unreasonable.

ON Wednesday Governor Hastings demanded the resignation of Secretary of the Commonwealth Reeder, and General Reeder sent it to him. The governor's action is especially remarkable because of two features. It is the first time in the history of the state that the chief executive has "fired" one of his cabinet, and it is an imposing declaration of war upon Quay and his followers. It is taken at Harrisburg as notice to the anti-administration people that there is to be real war next year.

MR. CORBIN, the assistant comptroller of the currency says that, capital is accumulated in this country at such a rate that America will soon be financially independent of Great Britain: and that, with the lower rates of interest at which our manufacturers will be able to borrow money, "America will have a better chance at the market of Central and South America for their cotton goods—markets that belong to them naturally, but which are mainly absorbed by the Germans and British now." Of course, Pan-Americans is naturally our market: but Germany and England have absorbed it because of our narrow tariff and navigation laws, and no amount of sham reciprocity will undo that mischief.

COAL, under the Wilson law, was "protected" forty cents a ton. Under the new law it is protected sixty-seven cents a ton. The miners are striking for an increase of their wages. Why do the mine owners hesitate? The twenty-seven cents increased protection should warrant them in dividing their "protection" with the miner, for, you have often heard Republican speakers and organs say, "the protection in given to pay higher wages to the laboring men." Now why not put the theory into practical shape by increasing the wages of the laborer? Is it another illustration of the false pretense, deception and humbug practiced by Republican leaders upon the workingmen? It certainly looks that way.

THE increasing probability of the settlement of the coal strike upon a basis of wages that will somewhat improve the condition of the miners is the most encouraging feature of industrial news. It will take years to get back the money that has been lost by the contending strikers and operators. A strike is probably the costliest method that could be devised for accomplishing the object aimed at, but there appears to be no substitute for this form of compulsion.

To the great credit of the coal strikers it must be said that they have manifested remarkable self-control and respect for law. The injunctions issued from the courts have operated in the interest of the strikers by keeping them within the limit of their rights and restraining them from acts that would have led to conflict and possibly to more forcible action upon the part of the authorities charged with the preservation of the peace.

DOLLAR wheat for the farmers of the United States means better times for perhaps a year. This is good so far as it goes, but it doesn't go far enough.

The Republican party cannot pass a law that will cause the wheat crops of the world beyond seas to blast next year, nor can it legislate another famine in India. But the Republican party could, by legislation, make dollar wheat a permanent thing in this country. By restoring silver to its legitimate place in the currency, thus doubling the circulation medium and restoring the conditions that formerly gave the farmers dollar wheat, this sporadic and special rise in the price of the cereal which exists to-day can be made permanent,

Every shout of joy raised by Republican newspapers over the appearance of prosperity is a condemnation of their course in reference to the monetary question. If they find cause for rejoicing now, much more will they find cause for sor later on when they discover that prosperity based on famine abroad cannot remain a permanency,

There is only one thing that can make the people of the United States permanently prosperous, and that is the removal of the ban on silver and restoring to its normal volume the currency of this nation.

Complaint is made by the Republican papers, says the Pittsburg *Post*, that their party is going to the dogs in Pennsylvania because of its unrestrained sway and the fact, as the Philadelphia *Press* puts it, that it has no longer a "respectable opposition party" to contend with. We cannot recall the time when the Republican papers found the Democratic opposition in Pennsylvania a "respectable" quantity. For twenty or thirty years they have characterized it, at intervals, as copperhead or rebel, British free trade or repudiating, and anarchical. In Republican estimation there was always something that robbed it of "respectability." When a political party in this country wins the encomiums of its adversaries it is a certain indication it doesn't amount to shucks as an opposition party. It is praised and its "respectability" conceded pracisely to the extent that it abaudons its own principles and lines up with the party in power. The Republicans found a certain degree of "respectability" in the boltocrats last year, but it was because they were laboring to elect McKinley and defeat Democratic congressmen and legislators in close districts. "Respectability," in this case was gauged by treachery.

"Respectability" in politics is rather an indefinite quanty. The "repectable element," so-called, prevailed in the Legislature, having it almost unanimously. Now the "respectable element is quarreling among themselves to find terms af denunciation sufficiently crushing to do justice to the misdeeds and varied rascalities of that choice selection of "respectables." The boss leaders of the "respectable" side of the political fence are vying with each other in mutual denunciation of the knaveries they each practice, while the rank and file are dividing into hostile political camps of "respectables," with loud bawling that the other side is a compound of all that is bad.

The "respectability," of the Republican party of Pennsylvania is so sandwiched between licensed plunder and boss rule that the word is commencing to spell hypocrisy and cant.

STEADILY the exports of grain continue, says the Pittsburg *Times*, to move toward the old world. Along with the enormous exports of manufactured products are making material increase. At the same time silver keeps going out in large sums. But in payment for the exports sent from American shores gold has not yet commenced to flow thi way. Something must come. Imports are far from sufficient to pay for the exports, and to make up the deficit American stocks and bonds are coming back across the water.

It is another movement in old journey. Once the financial center of the world was with the ancient Phoenicians. It moved westward. Greece, Rome, Spain, Holland, and finally London dominated the finances of the world But slowly the United States is rising to a high place, and threatening to take the leading rank. The first indication of tho new conditions came when the New York markets refused to follow the British fluctuations and made prices for this country regardless of what was quoted abroad. Another step is taken when Great Britain sends American securities home in payment for the supplies of food and other products that she must have. The country that holds the securities of the world claims tribute of the world. But when those securities must be releaseed the tribute stops. Money has become so plentiful in the United States that American capital can take up American securities. Should American exports continue for any lenght of time in this manner American securities abroad will be cleaned up, and then foreign securities must follow this way, or foreign gold. It is all the same. A few years of plenty and the United States will hold the treasure of the universe, and New York, not London, will be the clearing house of nations. It is only a matter of a little more time.

THE Democratic nominee for state treasurer, Michael E. Brown, is a native of Indiana county. He is about 45 years old. He was born near Blairsville, his present home, and in that town he is interested in large abbatoirs and storage houses, from which almost the entire meat supply of Indiana county is drawn. His father was John Brown, one of the Indiana pioneers. The nominee's career in state politics dates back to 1879, when he was a delegate to the state convention. Before that time he had been burgess of Blairsville. He was afterward a delegate to the convention that nominated Pattison for his second term, and was later a member of the state committee.

Walter E. Ritter, of Williamsport, nominee for auditor general, is a native of Lycoming couniy, and is in his 38th year. He was educated in the common schools and graduated at the Lock-Haven state normal in 1881. At the age of 17 he began teaching and for one year was the principal of the Hughesville public schools, and for three years principal of the schools of South Williamsport. He was registered as a law student in 1884, and was admitted to practice two years later. At present he is engaged in the practice of his profession and has a leading place at the Lycoming bar. He has been a delegate to several state conventions, and has held minor political offices. In 1889 he was elected to the general assembly, and also in 1891 and 1893. In 1891 he was the chairman of the Democratic caucus.

PENNSYLVANIA farmers do not raise as much wheat as they used to do proportionally to other crops. They have been unable to compete with the farmers who cultivate fertile lands in the West, whose grain is brought at exceedingly low rates of transportation to their very doors. But Pennsylvania still has a place among the wheat-growing states Secretary of Agriculture Edge estimates this year's crop at 20,000,000 bushels; and the advance in price will put a little extra cash where it will do a heap of good.

Beaten by Robbers.

Sandy Lake, Pa., September 6.—Five masked men entered the house of Michael Slater, a farmer, three miles west of here, about 9 o'clock last night The ruffians bound and gagged Slater, and after beating him, carried their captive out into the yard. There they placed him under a tree, and removing the gag, ordered him to tell where he kept his money and other valuables The old man said he did not keep his money in the house, and begged them to release him, as he said they were killing him.

The robbers laughed, and while one man stood guard over him, the other four went to the house. The family were all away, and the robbers secured a gold watch, silverware and various articles of value.

Slater is a man of means, and was supposed to have hoarded in his house a portion of his wealth The marauders made a vigorous effort to find its hiding place, but were disappointed. Bureau drawers were emptied, carpets torn up, bedticks ripped open, ashes taken from the stove, and every conceivable place that would afford a hiding place for valuables or money was searched.

After a hunt of more than four hours the men departed. About 3 o'clock this morning Slater succeeded in liberating himself, when he gave the alarm, and, together with neighbors, gave pursuit, but was unable to find any trace of the fugitives. He says he recognized three of the men.

Richer Than the Klondyke.

Sedalia, Mo., September 5.—J. W. Corkins, a Sedalia capitalist, and Leo Cloud, an expert mining engineer of Cincinnati, representatives of a St. Louis and Cincinnati syndicate, will leave here to-morrow for the west coast of Mexico, to practically verify the value of gold placer and quartz mines which have recently been secured by the syndicate through concessions and mineral land grants from the republic of Mexico.

Messrs Corkins and Cloud will go direct to Hermosillo, and from there to the gold fields in the new Eldora, located in the Yaqui Indian country, which has just been opened to entry to white men This part of Mexico has been explored but little by the whites, but if the reports of the syndicate's prospectors are true, the inland mountain ranges along the west coast of Mexico are richer even than those of the Kbondyke.

The placer mines are said to be marvelously rich in scale and nugget, while the quartz rock in the upper ledges contain veins of milling ore which assays $500 to $2,500 per ton. The syndicate succeeded in keeping the discovery a secret before securing its mining patents and concessions, and if the reports received here are substantially correct, the syndicate will be able to turn the tide of fortune-hunters from the gold fields of Alaska to the Eldorado of Mexico.

Woman Murdered on a Road.

Wellsboro, September 5.—Mrs. Effie Goodwin, who was found yesterday afternoon by the roadside near Mansfield with the left side of her head crushed as if with a heavy weapon, died a 8 o'clock this morning in the Cottage State Hospital, at Blossburg, Walter Goodwin, her husband, from whom she had separated, has been arrested.

After her death this morning the surgeons probed the wounds and found four bullets in the head. Walter Goodwin on Saturday was working at threshing with his brother at Stoney Fork, and was in this borough in the evening. He made no effort to evade the officers who arrested him in Charlesion last night.

He says that he knows nothing about the assault upan his wife; that he was not in Mansfield after Thursday evening when he tried to prevail upon his wife to withdraw her suit against him for desertion. He says that he will be able to easily prove an alibi.

It is reported that Mrs. Goodwin told the Beach family, for whom she worked, that she expected to meet her husband on Friday night The inquest is to be held at Blossburg to-morrow.

Love Laughing at Papa's No.

Reading, Pa., September 5.—When Henry Reiter, a young farmer, proposed to Miss Lillian Epler, aged 19, the daughter of a well-known farmer in Oley township, and was accepted, her parents objected, and without the parents' consent they could not get a license.

The young lovers were not to be balked, though, and yesterday had Attorney David Levan go into court and ask for a guardian for Miss Epler who would consent to the marriage, basing his application on the ground that she was anxious to marry, but that her parents refused their consent. Judge Bland granted a citation for September 23 for the parents to tell why their daughter's request should not be granted.

Quarrel Ends in Murder.

Scranton, Pa., September 6.—Vito Raymond was shot and killed and Frank Russa probably fatally wounded, by Charles Abotti, on the Southside, this afternoon. Raymond and Abotti and two others, all Italian stonemasons, returning from the Labor day parade, became engaged in a quarrel. Abotti suddenly pulled out a revolver and shot Raymond three times.

When the slayer was fleeting he fired a shot at the victim's sister-in-law, who emerged from a gate just in front of him. The bullet missed its mark and landed in the abdomen of Russa, who was in an adjoining yard. Abotti was captured after he had waded the river.

Mad Coast of a Cycler.

Hazleton, Pa., September 5.—John Shaw, a cyclist residing at Upper Lehigh, sustained injuries last evening which will probably cost him his life. He was riding down a steep mountain near White Haven, when he struck a wagon and was thrown into the brush. He was found an hour later with his shoulder blade broken and suffering from severe internal injuries.

He was conveyed to the hotel at White Haven, but in some manner escaped from his rescuers and slept on the depot platform, where he was found unconscious this morning, bleeding profusely from both ears.

Surprised at His Big Stealings.

Toronto, Ont., September 5.—Thomas V. Hawkins, colored, was arrested here last night by Detective Sleeman. Hawkins was formerly porter in the tax collector's office, at Washington, Dr. C., and on August 31 he disappeared with about $9,000. Yesterday he was located in a small boarding house, and when searched at police headquarters the sum of $8,334 was found on him. Hawkins appeared to be quite startled when told of the amount of money taken from him, saying that he had never counted it, and had no idea the amount was so large.

Washington Letter.

Washington, September 3. 1897.—It has always been considered the proper thing to make support of the national platform of a political party the test of a man's loyalty to his party. The platform adopted by a party in national convention is the only authentic declaration of the principles of that party and must be considered until another national convention meets and adopts another platform. These facts are so self-evident that mention of them seems almost unnecessary, yet objection is being raised because Democrats are insisting that the platform adopted by the Chicago convention must be accepted as the principles of the Democratic party. To do anything else would be a radical departure from all political precedents.

There is a clash of authority in the interior department between Secretary Bliss and Indian Commissioner Jones that may end in a big row among prominent Republicans Mr. Jones' present assistant is Mr. Thomas P. Smith, who is a Democratic holdover. Mr Smith has made a tip top record and Mr Jones would like him to remain in his office. Boss Hanna directed sometime ago that one of his Ohio proteges—Tawner, by name,—who has been serving as the private secretary of Secretary Bliss, should be appointed asst commissioner, and the appointment was about to be made when Commissioner Jones heard about it and notified Secretary Bliss that he would not have Tawner for his assistant. Then there was a high old time in the office of Secretary Bliss, and the relations between him and Commissioner Jones are very much strained, but Tawner has not yet been appointed. Of course, if Boss Hanna insists he will be, and if Jones doesn't like it he can resign It is a custom to consult the wishes of bureau chiefs in selecting their assistants, and upon that custom Commissioner Jones belies.

Republicans would rather not talk about the deficit of about twenty-six million dollars shown by the official figures of the government's receipts and expenditures for July and August, the first two months of the new fiscal year. They have already done too much talking about the surplus that the new tariff was certainly going to produce.

Senator McLaurin's success in the S. C. primary election, which means his nomination and election to the senate, was the source of no little pleasure to his numerous Washington friends. He has already shown that he will make a senator of whom his state and section will be proud.

Representative De Graffenreid, of Texas, is in Washington. Speaking of wheat and silver he said: "Our farmers are this year blessed with abundant crops and the wheat-producing countries on the other side of the ocean have short crops In other words, the demand for American wheat is almost greater than the supply; hence the big prices which the speculators are just now getting. I am sorry to say this will not always continue, for next year the demand for wheat by reason of good crops on the other side may be only normal, and in that event our farmers will not receive any more for their wheat than formerly Let the mints of the United States, England, France, and Germany be opened to-morrow to silver and you would see the price of the white metal rise steadily until it reached the level of gold. Why would it rise? Simply because of the demand—just the same as demand has raised the price of wheat." Mr. Graffenreid expressed his opinion strongly of those who are constantly decrying the four hundred million standard silver dollars the country now has, and ended an interesting chat by saying: "The only solution of the question is to open the mints to silver the same as gold. Permanent prosperity will never come through the further contraction of the currency, which the gold bugs are trying to bring about by discrediting our standard silver dollars What the country needs is more money. That will be the issue in the next campaign, and, in my judgment, the Democrats will win upon it"

Mr. John Russell Young, the new Librarian of Congress, is now having a hard wrestle with the more than seven thousand applicants and their friends, who were disappointed when he, this week, announced the appointments to ten of the best positions at his disposal. He still has forty or fifty small places to dispose of and although they only carry small salaries the pressure to get them is something awful to contemplate. M.

A Hero Cooked With Steam.

Hermosillo, Mexico, September 4.—A splendid instance of heroism resulting in the saving of six lives is reported from Torreon. Engineer John Reese was lowering Foreman Jones and his helpers in the cage in the Grafton shaft of the Colorado mine, when there was a sudden influx of condensed water into the cylinders of the hoisting engine. A second later there was a deafening explosion accompanied by a cloud of steam from the cylinders.

Reese was lowering the cage by the brake. To loosen this and rush out of the scalding steam meant the saving of himself from a serious injury and possible death, but it meant also the certain destruction of those in the cage, then about half way down the 1000-foot shaft.

Reese stood to his post for three minutes in the blinding steam, hanging onto his brake, and then, when the cage touched bottom, he fell back almost unconscious. He had saved the lives of six miners, and hereafter will be the hero of Minas Prietas. To-day he lies on the softest bed that money and medical skill could procure, with almost every inch of skin scalded and raw.

Gathered Gold Nuggets.

Victoria, B. C., September 5.—The steamer Queen arrived from Skaguay, bringing 30 men who have given up the idea of getting across the passes. A thousand men have gone to work on the Skaguay trail to try to open it up, no one being allowed meantime to go through. Many men will wait until snow falls and take outfits over on sleighs: in fact, sleighs are already being used to cross the summit on the Dyea trail. There have been 20 desertions from the United States steamer Concord at Juneau, the men leaving to go to the mines.

E. M. Losikatos, who went into the Klondike last spring, sends out word to his partner, Mr. Hens of Juneau, that he has struck it rich. He says:

"I sank two prospect holes without finding anything, but in the third I could pick up nuggets with my hands. I am so excited that I cannot write. We are rich; the amount of gold that people have here is something appalling"

Eight Earthquake Shocks

Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.—Consul Dart, at Guadaloupe, in the West Indias, reports to the State Department that continuous shocks of earthquake are being experienced there. He says that on August 25, between 5 A. M., and 7 A. M., there were eight distinct shocks. It is said to be a strange phenomenon, affecting no other part of the island.

REEDER SAW HASTINGS

The Two Had a Long Conference at Harrisburg.

M'CORMICK AND ELKIN CONFERRED

The Rumor Grows Stronger That the Secretary and Deputy Attorney General Are to Resign—The Governor and Reeder Refuse to Be Interview d.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 8. — Governor Hastings has returned to Harrisburg from his summer home at Bellefonte. Soon after the governor's arrival at Capital Hill, Secretary of the Commonwealth Frank Reeder went into the executive chamber and the two were closeted together for nearly an hour. At the close of the interview the governor declined to see the newspaper men on the plea that he had nothing to say about the story of the resignation of General Reeder.

General Reeder was seen subsequently and asked if he had anything to say about the story. He declined to discuss the matter and referred the reporters to the governor. Attorney General McCormick had a conference with Deputy Attorney General John P. Elkin, which leads to the belief that there is some ground for the story that Mr. Elkin is also to retire.

A rumor has been current that General Reeder and Mr. Elkin, who are adherents of Senator Quay, will resign because of the widening of the political breach that has existed for some time between the Quay faction and the friends of Governor Hastings. Attorney General McCormick is looked upon as the leader of the anti-Quay or administration forces. Mr. Elkin, in addition to holding the position of deputy attorney general, is chairman of the Republican state committee.

GUBERNATORIAL BOOMS.

Being Pushed at State Republican Clubs' Convention Today.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Sept. 8.—The State League of Republican clubs convened here today. The greatest interest centers in the various gubernatorial booms. The executive committee met and appointed an auditing committee consisting of J. D. Littell of Pittsburg, Howard Lyon, Williamsport, and C. E. Schermerhorn, Philadelphia.

It was decided to change the selection of executive committeemen from senatorial district to the counties, with the exception of Allegheny and Philadelphia, and to have a league committee of five in each county. There will be no opposition to the re-election of President Isidor Sobel of Erie. Treasurer Mahlon H. Young of Philadelphia and Secretary C. F. Harris of Pittsburg.

George I. Rudolph of Allegheny will introduce in the convention radical resolutions in opposition to civil service reform as at present administered. He will be supported by Thomas G. Sample and William T. Bradbury of Allegheny and many Philadelphians. In compliance with the recently expressed wishes of Attorney General McCormick, whose home is in this city, his friends do not propose to be demonstrative with the gubernatorial boom.

There are some shouters here for the booms of ex-Mayor Stuart and P. A. B. Widener of Philadelphia, Congressman William Connell of Scranton, ex-Congressman John Leisenring of Luzerne and Congressman William A. Stone of Allegheny. Senator S. J. M. McCarrell of Harrisburg, president pro tem. of the senate, is on hand pushing his campaign for lieutenant governor.

Wilkesbarre, Lebanon and Pittsburg are making a bid for the next convention, with the chances in favor of Lebanon.

General Longstreet Married.

ATLANTA, Sept. 8.—The marriage of General James Longstreet, the famous confederate commander, and Miss Ellen Dortch, assistant state librarian, occurred here today. Immediately after the marriage General and Mrs. Longstreet left for Porter Springs, a North Georgia resort, where they will spend their honeymoon.

Andrews Will Quit Brown.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 8.—It is unofficially announced that Dr. Andrews will insist upon the acceptance of his resignation from the presidency of Brown university.

Back from the Grave

We cannot come, but we can often stay our progress thither. Disease, like everything else must have a beginning. All chronic maladies tend to shorten life, and render it a species of martyrdom while they last. Malaria, kidney complaint, chronic indigestion, rheumatism—all have small beginnings, and may be stayed at the outset with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This excellent tonic and alternative is adapted alike to the prevention of disorders of the system and to their removal, and its early use can not be too strongly advocated. To renew appetite and insure tranquil rest, there is no surer and pleasanter means than the Bitters. The delicate of overwork and exhaustion, mental or physical, are counteracted by it, and the busy merchant, the tired clerk or operative, and the brain weary student, author or newspaper man, derive from it present relief and future energy.

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned will sell at private sale her farm in Allegheny township, one-half mile from Loretto, containing

Eighty Acres,

70 of which are cleared with a good house and barn, and a plentiful supply of good spring water. The farm will be sold at a bargain. For price and terms apply to W. A. B. LITTLE, Loretto, Pa.

MRS. M. MCCULGHAN.

Aug 27 '97 3

1794. 1897

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

THE KEELEY CURE

Is a special boon to business men who, having drifted unconsciously into the drink habit and awaken to find the disease of alcoholism fastened upon them, rendering them unfit to manage affairs requiring a clear brain. A four weeks course of treatment at the

PITTSBURG KEELEY INSTITUTE,

No. 4246 Fifth Avenue,

restores to them all their powers, mental and physical, destroys the abnormal appetite, and restores them to the condition they were in before they indulged in stimulants. This has been done in more than 1600 cases treated here, and among them some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the absolute safety and efficiency of the Keeley Cure. The fullest and most searching investigation is invited. Send for pamphlet giving full information.

aug 2 84

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

B. & B.

Are You Coming to the Exposition?

It's worth a visit—fine music, beautiful displays, new features of entertainment.

It will pay you to include in your trip

A Visit to This Store.

We're offering more and choicer

New Dress Goods

than in any previous season—hundreds of different styles new all wool goods

25c., 35c., 40c., 45c., 50c.

to $1.25 a Yard.

All the woolens were bought when wool was the lowest price ever known—and they're being sold on the same basis of price advantage—such values in nice, good goods as will make the purchase of new fall and winter dresses here of unusual advantage—and we'll leave it to the large assortments, the choice styles, and the prices to prove

Imported Dress Goods and Suitings to $3.50 a yard.

New Silks and Black Goods—surpassing collections—interestingly priced.

If you can't come—or if you wish to select before your visit, write for samples—we'll consider it a favor to send them.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

OILS! OILS

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,

PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.

oct18.89ly.

Owens & Makin,

BUTCHERS,

All kinds of the Best Meat from selected stock kept at their Daily Meat Market on High Street, Ebensburg.

Give us a call.

Sep4.96

Bicycle Surgery

Warranted cures for all cases. Full line of medicines always on hand. Agent for Health Restoring Crescent wheel.

W. N. BOLSINGER,

Julin Street,

Ebensburg, - - - Penna.

May 14 '97. 4m

THE **FARQUHAR**

PATENT VARIABLE FRICTION FEED
Best Set Works in the World.

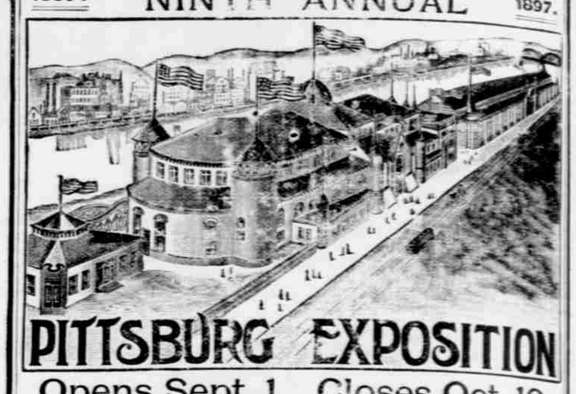
Saw Mill & Engine

Received the Medal and Highest Award at the World's Columbian Exposition.

Warranted the best made. Shingle Mills, Machinery and Standard Agricultural Implements of Best Quality at lowest prices. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

A. B. FARQUHAR CO., Ltd., YORK, PENNA.

1897. NINTH ANNUAL 1897.



PITTSBURG EXPOSITION

Opens Sept. 1, Closes Oct. 16.

8 FAMOUS BANDS 8

SOUSA, AND HIS BAND. | Brooke, and his CHICAGO MARINE BAND. | THE GREAT Bellstedt-Ballenberg BAND

PAWNEE BILL'S WILD WEST AND MEXICAN HIPPODROME.

THE ABOVE ARE AMONG THE MANY NEW ATTRACTIONS THIS YEAR

The WEDDING CEREMONY

is by far the most important event of your life, but it is soon over and it will take something more substantial to remind you of it ever after.

This is the Wedding Ring of which I have a good stock on hand to select from as a first step. After that you can cement your happiness of married life by adding from time to time a nice Set Ring or any other nice piece of Jewelry you may think of. My stock is always complete in everything in that line from a Silver Thimble to a Diamond Ring. You are invited to call and examine my stock.

CARL RIVINIUS.

EBENSBURG

Granite and Marble Works.

J. WILKINSON & SON,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

The Highest Grades of Cemetery Work

From the Best Marble and Granite produced. We are prepared to execute any class of work including the largest and most elaborate monumental memorials and our reputation earned by years of careful consideration of our customers' wants should entitle us to your patronage. All correspondence will be answered promptly and all work guaranteed as represented. Particular attention given to the setting of work. We are also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence for Cemetery, Public and Private Buildings.

3.19.97

When You Visit

ALTOONA,

CALL AT

JOHN McCONNELL'S CLOTHING STORE,

1300 ELEVENTH AVENUE,

where you will find the largest, finest and best selected stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods to be found in the city.

Cambria County people who have been dealing with us in the past will find the same reliable goods that we have always been selling and at the lowest prices to be found in the city.

JOHN M'CONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, Pa.

A LONG LIFE TO EVERYBODY.

GOOD HEALTH and ACCIDENTS,
POOR HEALTH and WEALTH,
Are every-day combinations.

We flee from Dyspepsia like a snake in the grass. Our liver tries to run us. We can run away from the gout. Our heads will swell, ears ache and teeth jump. We may lose a leg and get St. Vitus' dance in the othe. Carbuncles grow where least expected. What are you going to do about it? Decide, and you'll find your favorite remedy at

DR. DAVIONS' DRUG STORE

N. B. Our stocks of Trusses is the largest in the county.

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed

H. E. BENDER,

5.9531 Formerly of Carrolltown.

QUINN'S

CLINTON STREET, JOHNSTOWN,

Offers the Greatest Advantages to shoppers in Ebensburg and vicinity. We are the Grand Central Depot for Dry Goods, Millinery, Laces, Furs, Cloaks and Suits. Samples sent on application.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY. - - SEPTEMBER 10, 1897.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Edward Griffith, of this place, went to Johnstown on Thursday.

Mrs. Sherman Tibbott visited friends in Johnstown on Thursday.

The Indiana fair opens on the 14th and the Carrolltown fair on the 21st.

Miss Mildred Fish, of McKeesport is visiting her sister, Mrs. Cyrus Jones, of this place.

It is estimated that over 15,000 people attended the state fair at Johnstown on Tuesday.

Ex-County Commissioner P. E. Dilley, of Elder township, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Thursday.

Mr. Enoch Short, of Patton, a former resident of Cambria township, was attending court this week as a juror.

The contract for the building of the new jail on the site of the old Cambria House, has been awarded to J. A. Shoemaker.

Miss Annie McBreen, of this place, and the convent of the Sisters of St. Joseph in this place, on Wednesday as a postulant.

Mr. David J. Jones, of Johnstown, formerly Register and Recorder R. F. Jones, of this place, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Tuesday.

Mr. James Riley, of Gallitzin township, who is attending court as a juror, called in for a short visit to the FREEMAN on Thursday.

At the special election on Tuesday Conemaugh decided to increase its indebtedness for sewering the town by a vote of 107 to 19 against.

Fifty sheep belonging to Edward Griffith, of Ebensburg, were killed by dogs on the farm of George Price, in Cambria township, on Monday night.

Master Willie Little three-year-old son of Mr. John M. Crusc, of Bennington, was run over a few days ago by having one of his feet run over by a wagon.

Mr. C. A. Sharbaugh, the popular young merchant of Carrolltown, who was away about in New York the past week buying his fall stock, has a new ad. in this week's issue.

President and Mrs. McKinley, accompanied by two secretaries and Mrs. McKinley's maid, went to Somerset, Pa., on Tuesday, where they will be the guests of Mrs. McKinley, the president's brother, during a summer home at that place.

The assessors under the new law, will be making their triennial assessments in October 11th. Formerly the triennial assessment was made in December, but hereafter will fix the taxable value of property for the years 1898, 1899 and 1900.

The laundry in Altoona was burned at an early hour on Saturday morning. The building was destroyed. Mr. Otto was badly burned in rescuing his horse. Loss about $5,000; insured. The fire is said to have started from the furnace in the laundry.

Mr. James Monteith, engineer of the Portage Water Company, while assisting at a stone stack at Patton on Thursday of last week at Patton, was struck by a falling stone upon his left ankle, causing a compound fracture. He was taken to Conemaugh hospital the same day.

The pigeon shoot took place at Cresson on Friday, participated in by a large number of Pittsburg sportsmen. The principal prize, a gold cup valued at $250, was won by a man named McPherson. There were several other prizes. The contests took place near the Mountain House.

Postmaster General Gary has issued a letter announcing that the attention of the Department has been called to instances of rental of rail and lock boxes to children. The order says such boxes shall not be rented without the written consent of the parents or guardians of such children.

Mrs. Hannah Crum, widow of Oliver Crum, died at her home in Summerhill township, near Wilmore, on Saturday, September 5, 1897, aged 65 years. She is survived by three sons, one of Duquesne, Pa., and Newton and Oliver of Altoona, Pa.

On Monday evening while Miss Clara Hoover, of Franklin, Blair county, accompanied by her father were returning home from visiting friends at Mountaindale this county, the horses ran off, throwing both Miss Hoover and her father to the ground. Miss Hoover received injuries which resulted in her death the next morning. She was about 25 years of age.

The Bailey Brothers, clothiers and furnishers, who recently opened up a new store in the Roberts room, on Main street, opposite the Central Hotel, have an ad. in this issue of the FREEMAN. The Messrs. Bailey are highly respected as business men at Irvona, from which place they have come, and they invite people in need of clothing to call and inspect their stock and prices. They will do the rest.

Miss Mildred Sweeney, daughter of Mr. Catharine Sweeney, of Rockville, died at the home of her uncle, Mr. A. Sybert, in Gallitzin township, on Friday evening, September 3, 1897, from consumption, aged 18 years. Her remains were interred in St. Michael's cemetery, at Loretto, on Monday morning, after a High Mass of Requiem had been celebrated for the repose of her soul.

Joseph Michalsick, an Italian thirty years old, was taken to the Altoona hospital from Portage on Friday, in a helpless condition. He is employed on the new railroad work at Portage and about 1 o'clock on Friday he was struck by a premature blast and knocked under a dirt car, breaking his right shoulder blade and several ribs on the left side. His condition is serious, but hopes of his recovery are anticipated.

Mrs. Yearick, August 26, 1897, Mrs. Wilhelmina Yearick died at her home in Washington township, this county, at the advanced age of seventy-seven years. She was a widow of the late Michael Myers, who settled on what is known as the old Myers homestead, one mile west of Lilly. She is survived by four children who reside in the vicinity of Lilly. A son was killed in the late war.

Oysters from the Chesapeake and other points report oysters unusually plentiful and of better quality than for many years. Packers and shippers are preparing for a big business in view of the reported plentifulness of money and a general prosperity throughout the country. Thousands of people earn a livelihood as a result of the oyster industry, and over 700 boats are employed in the dredging and shipping trade. The season lasts until May.

The Johnstown *Tribune* says: Webster Davis, Assistant Secretary of the Interior, and his father—Mr. Daniel Davis—arrived in Johnstown this morning from Ebensburg. The former is the guest of his cousin—Mr. Anderson Walters of Vine street, and the latter is with Mrs. Myers, widow of the late Dr. W. W. Myers, also of Vine street. A reception will be tendered Hon. Webster Davis at Grand Army hall this evening by the members of Gen. Hastings Camp, No. 14, Sons of Veterans, assisted by the members of Emory Post.

—Early one morning recently as William Heffelfinger, of Blairsville, was walking along the Indiana branch on his way to the Maher coal pits, he found a tie on the tracks and a few feet further found a coupling link that had been carefully placed on the rail. There is no doubt but that the obstruction was placed for the purpose of wrecking the train.

—Mrs. Barbara Crum, wife of Hiram Crum, died at her home near Wilmore, on Wednesday, August 25, 1897, of dropsy, aged fifty-nine years eight months and twenty-two days. She leaves, beside her husband, six children, John, of Greensburg; Sherman, of near Wilmore; Levina, wife of Elmer Brown, of South Fork; Alice, Henry and Sophia, at home.

—The Mountain Coal company, of Dunlo, this county, is preparing to open a new mine at that place which will furnish employment to a large number of hands and cause a little boom in the business of the town. The Pennsylvania Railroad company is putting in a siding extending from the Henrietta Coal company's mine, which will before long be ready to ship coal.

—Miss Maria Brawley, a sister of Mrs. Judge Johnston, of this place, died at her home near Irwin, Westmoreland county, on Saturday, September 4th, 1897, aged 55 years. The deceased was a daughter of the late David Brawley, and was born in Cambria township, two miles west of Ebensburg, where her father resided for many years. Alexander Brawley, of Barr township, is a brother of the deceased.

—Sometime before daybreak Saturday morning a thief pried open a back window of the home of Mr. and Mrs. Monroe Ake, an aged couple living in Altoona, and secured $45 in gold, that was locked in a drawer in a spare room upstairs. The theft was not discovered until noon Saturday, when Mr. Ake had occasion to go to the hiding place of his treasure. He found $10 that the burglars had left him.

—On Tuesday of last week while Chas. Fagan was helping wall a well on the property of Captain F. M. Flanagan, at Coalport, he received an ugly cut on the side of his face by being struck with the crank handle of the windlass. He was letting a load of stone into the well when the handle slipped out of his hands, and in trying to regain his hold, was struck by it. It required seven stitches to sew up the cut.

—Shortly after 4 o'clock Saturday morning the night watchman at the Altoona Iron company's rolling mill, discovered the Altoona Iron foundry, just west of the iron company and located in a building formerly used as an ice house, in flames. He telephoned to to the city for aid and one company started for the scene, but the fire gained such rapid headway that the foundry was doomed and the fireman turned back.

—Mitchell Veach, a farmer who resides near West Middlesex, Lawrence county, had a bull at the fair at New Castle, Pa., last week. On Saturday afternoon he was leading the bull, when the animal became enraged and gored Mr. Veach in the right side. The victim was tossed over the bull's head and was afterward dragged along the road for two or three hundred feet. Other people who were in the party drove the bull away, physicians and an ambulance were sent for and Mr. Veach was taken to his home. He cannot live through the night, as one of the horns went almost through his body. He is 65 of age.

—On Monday morning between two and three o'clock, John A. Bender, of Carroll township, discovered his barn to be on fire and so rapid was the progress of the flames that it was soon a mass of smouldering ruins. Everything in the barn was burned, including all of this year's crops of hay and grain, harness, farming implements, etc. There had been no fire about the barn and there had been none of the family in the barn after dark.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad company has issued an order directing railroad policemen to break up the practice of stealing rides on trains. The order is not aimed at tramps particularly, but at men and boys living along the line of the road, who who presume on their respectability and acquaintance with trainmen for exemption from the general rule against railroad trespassing. Arrest and imprisonment will follow every violation of this order. It is issued because of the frequency of accidents to train jumpers.

—While Constable Robert Boyle, of Bolivar, was out picking elderberries in the ridge a few days ago, his small pet dog came running up to him whining piteously. Mr. Boyle at once discovered that the animal had been bitten on the shoulder by a poisonous reptile. Having no antidote for poison and being a long distance from any house, the poor canine succumbed within a short time and died. Its body was terribly swollen and turned a dark livid color. The snake is supposed to have been of the copperhead species.

Fatal Burning Accident.

A frightful burning accident occurred Sunday night near Oak Grove, in Pine Creek township, Clinton county, which resulted in the death of Mrs. Margaret Yearick, a widow lady, aged 70 years, who was the housekeeper for W. J. Henry. Mr. Henry is employed on the farm of George Thompson, near Clinton, and Mrs. Yearick was the only occupant of the house in which the accident occurred.

About 9 o'clock she was ascending the stairs with the intention of retiring for the night. She carried a coal oil lamp in her hand, and before she had reached the top of the stairway the lamp exploded and threw the oil all over her clothing. Her clothing was all in a blaze in a moment, and being alone in the house she was helpless. Mr. Schleisinger, a neighbor, who lived about one-eighth of a mile away, heard the old lady screaming and ran to the Henry house, where he found Mrs Yearick enveloped in flames. He tore her burning clothes off as quickly as possible and summoned other neighbors, who did what they could for the sufferer until a physician arrived.

Mrs. Yearick was frightfully burned, almost all of her body being burned to a crisp. She lived until about 5 o'clock Monday morning, when death came to her relief and ended her suffering.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, September 9, 1897:

Thomas H. Kelly, Tunnelhill, and Grace Logue, Gallitzin borough.

Sherman Barnett, Onberg, Indiana county, Pa., and Maggie Kuhns, Johnstown.

David A. Helsel, Hopewell, Bedford county, Pa., and Laura Grives, South Fork.

Charles A. Long, Crovle township, and Alice E. Mullen, Portage.

Frederick Frick and Carrie Owens, Johnstown.

Frederick F. Griffith, Stonycreek township, and Carrie E. Leff, East Conemaugh.

Moodey S. Paul and Jennie M. Shaffer, Johnstown.

Benjamin Thomas, Elder township, and Agnes Warner, Chest township.

Jonathan Gardner and Estella Berkey, Johnstown.

Charles E. Troxell and Susie E. Glasgow, Glasgow.

A. H. Widman, Pittsburg, and Julia Edwards, Johnstown.

J. A. Irvin, Hawk Run, Clearfield county, Pa., and Ida W. Bixler, Patton.

William Berkebile and Cora A. Masters, Johnstown.

Thomas Dixon and Ada Foust, Johnstown.

—Albert Stephens, an eighteen-year-old youth of South Fork, had his head cut off by being run over by a freight train on the Pennsylvania railroad at 2:30 o'clock on Saturday afternoon. Young Stephens, with some companions, had jumped the freight train at South Fork, and when they reached Summerhill he tried to alight. In jumping off he tripped and fell, and the wheels passed over his neck, completely severing his head from the body. The young man's father is a butcher and is employed by C. A. Dimond at South Fork. His mother died about four months ago and it is said he was the only living child of the family.

—On Sunday afternoon about 3 o'clock an accident which terminated fatally occurred a short distance from Wilmore. In company with several companions, Gilmore McCloskey, aged about 19 years, and whose home was in Lilly, endeavored to get on a freight train in charge of Conductor Brantlinger. The train was going at a good rate of speed and McCloskey failed in his attempt. He was thrown under the wheel with the result that one arm was torn from the socket, and the other was terribly mangled. He was also injured about the head. He was taken to his home on Mail Express, but died at 7 o'clock in the evening.

—Harry Clabaugh, who was a clerk in the Second National bank, of Altoona, when it was looted by Cashier Gardner, three years ago, and who was arrested at the time for having changed figures in his books at the cashier's dictation, committed suicide at noon on Monday by shooting himself. Clabaugh had been partially demented since his unfortunate connection with the bank scandal. Of late he has been employed as a clerk in the Pennsylvania railroad storehouse at the Juniata shops. This is the second suicide as a result of the failure of this bank, Bank Examiner Miller having shot himself while trying to untangle the defaulting cashier's accounts.

—Charles Stuchell is dying at the home of his father, in Indiana, from the effect of a pistol shot in the head, and Martin Flemming, an uncle of Stuchell's wife, is in jail to answer for the shooting. Fleming had trouble with John Dodson, whose wife is also a niece of his, and Sunday evening Fleming was at home when Stuchell, Dodson and John Horner passed the house. Fleming hurried outside and a hatchet was thrown back and forth. Fleming ran into the house, returned with a revolver, fired, and Stutchell fell. Fleming then ran to the fallen man, picked him up and carried him into the house, putting a pillow under his head. He got his pipe, lighted it and proceeded to enjoy a smoke.

—Thursday afternoon the large barn on the farm of Benjamin Lowman, about four miles southeast of Indiana, was totally destroyed by fire. The fire, it is supposed, was caused by sparks flying from the engine operating the threshing machine they were running in the barn. Mr. Lowman lost 300 bushels of newly threshed wheat, 200 bushels of old wheat, 50 tons of good hay and all of this year's crops. The the threshing machine, the property of Bates George, of Centre township, was also burned. Harvey George, of Homer City, was burned pretty badly while assisting in the attempt to put out the flames. Mr. Lowman's loss is estimated at $1,500, on which there is an insurance of $700. Mr. George's loss is about $500, on which there was no insurance.

Real Estate Transfers.

John Farren, by the sheriff, to James Noon, Munster; consideration, $500.

Administrator of Ellen E. Saxton to William H. Miller et al., East Conemaugh, $2,000.

James Noon to W. W. Amsbry, Munster, $740.

Inter-State Building & Loan association to Susan Kuntz, Stonycreek, $350.

F. H. Anderson et ux. to John Edgin, Reade, $25.

J. E. Shields et ux. to Luke T. Sanker, Allegheny, $425.

John Ashcroft et ux. et al. to David M. Runffner, Cresson, $200.

Thomas W. Smay et ux. to Bird Mangus Croyle, $479.

Marko Puhek et ux. to Daniel Lendel, et ux. Johnstown, $1,500.

Daniel Lendel et ux. to Marko Puhek, Johnstown, $1,150.

Charles Jones to Pennsylvania Railroad company, Portage borough, $250.

Ann M Kurtz to John Netrauer et ux., Johnstown, $2,000.

Treasurer of Cambria county to George Brant et al., Washington, $10.

Administrator of Samuel J. Horner, to William Maser, Dale, $100.

Administrator of John L. Amigh to Rachel E. Amigh, East Conemaugh, $400.

Heirs of Jacob Horner to heirs of Peter J. Gerhardt, Johnstown, $250.

John B. Oberberger et ux. to Emma Gerhart, Carroll, $50.

Chest Creek Land & Improvement Company to John Otto, Patton, $200.

Philip J. Sanders et ux. to W. W. Amsbry, Munster, $307.

John H. Clark et al. to Thomas Clark, Munster, $1.

Amanda Davis et vir et al. to Thomas Clark, Munster, $1.

Henry Blough et ux. to Albert L. Miller, Ferndale, $250.

Cambria Iron company to George H. Masters, Coopersdale, $500.

Lizzie A. Hammer to Calvin M. Ankeny, Roxbury, $200.

John Fisher et ux. to Cambria Iron Company, Upper Yoder, $43.

George J. Schwaderer et ux. to William Schwaderer, Cresson, $200.

Drowned in a Vault.

George Franklin Fisher, a young son of Jerry Fisher, of Coopersdale, this county, was drowned on Tuesday in the privy vault in the rear of the parents' home. The little fellow was nearly two years of age. His mother left him out on the porch and went into the house to attend to some duties. Upon coming out of the house and being unable to find the child about the house, Mrs. Fisher called upon some of her neighbors, but they reported that he had not been seen. Finally, after the boy had been missing about thirty minutes, she called her husband, who was in bed. Mr Fisher, thinking his son might have fallen into the vault, fastened a hook to a strong pole and began to explore it. He had made but one sweep of the pole through the vault when the hook caught in the child's clothing and he was lifted out. The vault is filled to a depth of about three feet.

Altoona Skin Game.

Jacob Hyle, of Altoona, was arrested Saturday and bound over in the sum of $2,000 on the charge of consyiracy to defraud wholesale dealers. Hyle has been working with Linwood Brown, who was arrested for the same offense early in the week, and although now charged with being the organizer of the scheme, he informed on Brown and telegraphed the United States officers for authority to arrest him.

Hyle was counting on turning State's evidence and saving himself, when Brown forestalled him by making a confession. The pair had secured several hundred dollar's worth of goods of various kinds from wholesalers by false representations and had disposed of them. They worked under the firm name of "Robert Uish, dealers in butchers' supplies."

—The Portage Iron company, at Duncansville, Blair county, will put a new eight-inch hoop mill in operation about November 1st. It will give employment to fifty men, beside the usual helpers and laborers.

Court Proceedings.

Court met on Monday at 10 o'clock with Judge Barker on the bench. After calling the roll of grand and traverse jurors and hearing a number of motions and petitions, the following cases were disposed of.

Commonwealth vs. Marcus Wohl, surety of the peace. Court directed the costs to be divided between the prosecutor and the defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas Donough, surety of the peace. Defendant ordered to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. William F. Wertz, continued.

Commonwealth vs. John McKenna, Edward Gallancy and James C. Bradley. Settled, the defendants to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Frank Subrowski, *nol pros* entered.

Commonwealth vs. James Rhodes, Geo. Bomgardner and J. J. Ramond, election officers of Dale borough, refusing to give a certificate of election to William Slick. Jury find defendants not guilty and the prosecutor, William Slick, to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. William Anderson, fornication and bastardy. Defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10; $20 lying in expenses; the costs and $1 a week for seven years.

Commonwealth vs. Frank Monthe, fornication and bastardy. Defendant plead guilty and received the usual sentence.

Commonwealth vs. William Potter, violation of the liquor laws, three charges. Grand jury ignored the bill.

Commonwealth vs. Webb Potter, illegal liquor selling. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $50, costs, and 60 days in jail.

Commonwealth vs. Richarn Lewis, larceny. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $20, costs and six months in jail.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas Williams, larceny. Defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to the Morganza reform school.

Commonwealth vs. Johnston Fitch, incestious fornication; incestious adultry. Jury find defendant guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $200, costs and two years in the Western penitentiary.

Commonwealth vs. James Rowland, assault and battery. Jury find defendant not guilty and divided the costs between the defendant and the prosecutor, James Goldberg.

Commonwealth vs. James Goldberg, forcible entry and detainer. Jury find defendant not guilty and the prosecutor, James Roland, to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. James Goldberg, perjury. Grand jury ignored the bill and the prosecutor, James Roland, to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Jesse Whitmore, larceny and receiving stolen goods. Defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $20, costs and six months in jail.

Commonwealth vs. Fred Denison, pointing firearms and carrying concealed deadly weapons. Jury find defendant not guilty of the first offence, dividing the costs between the defendant and the prosecutor, Samuel Crissy, and guilty on the second charge.

Commonwealth vs. James Findley, assault and battery. Jury find defendant guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $10, costs and 60 days in jail.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph, Anstin and William Rutter, assault and battery. Settled on payment of costs by the defendants.

Commonwealth vs. Adam Nitch, assault and battery. Settled on payment of costs by defendant.

Commonwealth vs Matilda Lindenburg, assault and battery. Settled on payment of costs by defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Lawrence Volk, assault and battery. Settled on payment of costs by defendant.

Commonwealth vs. P. F. Jones, seduction, fornix et cet. Continued.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Domdern, assault and battery. Grand jury ignored the bill.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Hoos, larceny and receiving stolen goods. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $20, costs and six months in jail.

Commonwealth vs. John Spangle, fornication and bastardy. Defendant plead guilty and received the usual sentence.

Commonwealth vs. John Rutlege, assault and battery. Settled on payment of costs by the defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Simon, false pretense and fraudulent insolvency. Continued.

Commonwealth vs. Albert Little, larceny and receiving stolen goods. Settled by defendant paying the costs.

Commonwealth vs. John W. Porter, larceny and receiving stolen goods. Grand jury ignored the bill.

Commonwealth vs. James Cruse, assault and battery. Continued.

Commonwealth vs. James Slump, assault and battery. Jury find defendant not guilty but that he pay one-half of the costs and Lucy Nagle, the prosecutrix, the other half.

Sheriff's Sales.

On Monday the properties advertised at sheriff's sale were disposed of as follows:

The interest of Andrew Long in a farm of one hundred and forty-four acres of land in Susquehanna township, taken in execution at suit of Porter Kinports, was knocked down to M. D. Kittell, Esq., for $25.

For $50 the plaintiff—the Gallitzin Building & Loan association—purchased the interest of Thomas Munroe in a lot and buildings at Gallitzin.

The German National Building & Loan association, plaintiff, paid $25 for Samuel Kirkpatrick's interest in a lot in Patton borough.

A house and lot in the borough of Gallitzin, sold at the property of Augustine Sutton, was purchased by the Gallitzin Building & Loan association, plaintiff, for $50.

W. J. Jones' interest in a house and lot in Portage borough, taken in execution at suit of the Gallitzin Building & Loan association, was purchased by Joseph Knepper for $830.

The sale of the interest of John Bergenholtz in a house and lot in Elder township, taken in execution at suit of Fred W. Hauk, was adjourned until Friday at the court house.

The Equitable Building & Loan association, plaintiff, purchased the interest of Benno Stich in a lot in Carrolltown for $25.

The sale of the interest of William Townsend and S. R. Kirkpatrick, *terre tenant*, in a house and lot in Hastings, taken in execution at the suit of the Equitable Building & Loan association, was stayed by the court.

For $25 dollars the Equitable Building & Loan association, plaintiff, purchased the interest of Matthias and Eliza Jane Shortencarrier in a lot in Susquehanna township.

The same association paid $50 for the interest of Orville Keough in a house and lot in Hastings, taken in execution at its own suit.

The Equitable also paid $25 for the interest of Andrew Logerbaum in a house and lot in Elder township, taken at suit of its own execution.

—About 250 copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book have been sent to Superintendent Gibson for distribution in the public schools of Cambria county, in compliance with an act of the legislature. All schools except primary schools are entitled to a copy of this book, and will be supplied with such during the annual visit of the schools.

Miscellaneous Notices.

WHY pay retail prices? LEWIS will take your order for a FIRST CLASS sewing machine, warranted TEN YEARS for $13.00.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Rhey Building, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in AUGUST, $2,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, President
LESTER LARIMER, Secretary.

TWO cows strayed away from the Hanzer farm in Cambria township, about ten days ago. They are supposed to have calves by this time. Any person knowing their whereabouts will confer a favor by sending word to
DENNY & KIMBALL.
Aug. 13 '97. tf. Ebensburg, Pa.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon. Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct11tf

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Time to Get Samples.

Fall is approaching. Thin dresses must give way to heavier fabrics before long. It is time to send for samples of the NEW FALL DRESS GOODS. Send for as many a you like, and as often as you like. Just remember two things when you write for samples. One is to give the best description you can of the quality, kind, pattern and price-limit of the goods you desire; the other is to MENTION THE PAPER in which you saw them advertised.

Our Fall Assortment is in. We have the new goods from 45c. a yard to as high as you wish to go. But better assortments, better goods and lower prices than ever. It is the aim of this store to give you better goods for the same money, or the same goods for less money, than any other store. Try us and see if we do not do this.

We mention only one bargain this week, for the assortment is so tremendous that it is impossible to give any idea of the varieties.

A line of fine new Fall Suitings, Cashmeres, Cheviots, Bradford Suiting, Fancy English Yarns and Plain Serges. All new goods and new patterns. We are making a special drive on a special lot, selling them at less than they cost at wholesale—45c. A YARD.

Plenty of other offers like this. The above will probably be gone in a week. Be prompt if you wish any.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

No. 5,084.

THE
First National Bank
OF EBENSBURG, PA.

ALVIN EVANS, President.
M. D. KITTELL, V. Prest.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.
R. SCANLAN, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Alvin Evans.	M. D. Kittell.
F. H. Barker.	S. W. Davis.
Webster Griffith.	E. James.
A. W. Buck.	

A general banking business transacted in all its branches.

Accounts of merchants, farmers and others solicited.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

We the undersigned citizens of Allegheny and Clearfield townships hereby give notice to the public not to trespass on our lands. Any one found trespassing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

(Signed) John Sutton, H. S Sprout, T. C Miller, James T. Sutton, Jos. J. Weber, H. G Conrad, Edward Ivory, Joseph A. Krise, Mrs. B Wills, John McDermitt, Joseph Sutton, August Shoffner, Theodore Storm, Alex Ivory, John Geak, Jacob Fekenrode, Philip A Gray, Geo. M. Sanker, D. M Kratzer, Henry J. Conrad, William Moran, Geo. P. Krise, Robert Johnston, John E. Mansfield, Francis H. Rasal, James H Maloney, John Rabus, Geo. Seymore, Bridget Tomlinson, Mrs. Albert Rhos, G. B. Moyers, Josephine Huffman, Frank Feicht, Dr. W. H Summerville, Simon P. McMullen and John McCoy, Mrs. Cornelius Sutton. May 1, 1897 1 yr

CLOSING OUT.

I desire to inform my customers and strangers that I will close my stock of Harness and everything in the Harness line. If you don't want to buy, come and take a peep at my goods. Your neighbors may want to buy.

Collars, Saddles,

Harness, Bridles—Riding and Work, Pads of all kinds, Fly Nets, Lap Dusters, Halters, Buggy and Work Harness, Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, Rings, Buggy Cushions, Harness Oil, etc. Now is the time to buy Harness Goods. Do not miss this opportunity.

TEAM NETS AND LAP DUSTERS AT COST. Come to see me.

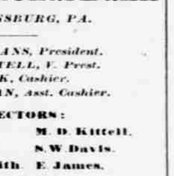
H. R. FREDERICKS,
High Street, Ebensburg.

CATARRH

IS A LOCAL DISEASE and is the result of colds and sudden climate changes.

FOR YOUR PROTECTION We positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.

ELY'S CREAM BALM



is acknowledged to be the most thorough cure for Nasal Catarrh, Cold in Head and Hay Fever of all remedies. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays pain and inflammation, heals the sores, protects the membrane from colds, restores the senses of taste and smell. Price 50c at Druggists or by mail ELY BROTHERS
56 Warren Street, New York.
June 4 97. ly.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Levi Barkett, late of Ashvil e borough, deceased.

Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them properly probated for settlement.

JOAN CAWLEY,
F. A SHOEMAKER, Administrator,
Attorney for estate. Ashville, Pa.
Ashville, Pa., Sept. 10, 1897.6t.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Demetrius A McDough, late of Allegh ny township Cambria county Penna., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons owing said estate to please make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against said estate will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

FRANK L. LITTLE,
JOHN E McDOUGH,
Executors of Demetrius A. McDough, deceased.
Loretto, Pa., Sept 10, 1897.6t.

Duff's College
Gives a specialized Bread-winning Education.
FOR CIRCULARS APPLY TO
P. DUFF & SONS, 244 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURG, PA.

WESTON'S COMPLETE : STORE,
GALLITZIN, PA.

Offers in variety of stock, quality and prices, the greatest inducements for Cash or strictly fancy Produce to be found within 30 miles.

We Buy All Heavy Goods in Car-Lots.

DRY GOODS.
FURNISHING GOODS.
SHOES.
CLOTHING.
HATS.
FURNITURE,
CARPETS.
OIL CLOTHS.
WALL PAPER.
FLOUR.
GRAIN.
FEED.
Salt.
FIELD SEEDS.
GROCERIES.

We have a large outlet for Fine Color, Worked Solid
FRESH BUTTER,
Fresh Clean Eggs, Choice Clean Vegetables, etc., etc.

We will not buy unclean eggs, or Butter that is soft and white, no matter how clean or fresh, as we cannot sell them, and we believe a fair understanding is only just to the persons who take care and expense to produce the best results. A poor horse does not bring the price of a good one, even if he seils at all. Why should produce? Occasionally markets will be overcrowded, even with good goods or produce. We handle
CHOICE STOCK
Whenever Possible.

This space will keep you in touch with our store by quoting prices and describing goods. **WE WANT YOUR TRADE. VISIT OUR STORE.** We can save you money on heavy goods and give you very low prices all through this great store.

W. H. WESTON, - - - - - - GALLITZIN, PA.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.
DEALER IN
STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,
Roofing and Spouting.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

Tread Powers, Threshers and Separators, Iron and Wood Pumps, Fence Wire, Etc., Etc.,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

DENTISTRY!

Don't you know that you can have those decayed and offensive teeth restored to a healthy condition at a
Very Moderate Cost?
Don't you know that I can do your dental work a great deal cheaper than you can yet it done elsewhere?
Don't you know that it is a very dangerous thing to take Chloroform, Ether or Laughing Gas?
If you don't know, come to my office and I will demonstrate to you the truth of the above.

Odontunder!

This is the only safe anaesthetic known to-day to the dental profession. I have the exclusive right of Ebensburg. Teeth extracted positively without pain.

Teeth filled with gold, $1 and up.
Teeth filled with alloy, 25 cents and 50 cents.
Teeth filled with Silver, 25 cents and 50 cents.
Teeth cleaned, 25 cents and 50 cents.
Teeth extracted, 25 cents.
GOLD CROWNS AS LOW AS $5.00.

Gold Filling, Crown and
Bridge Work a Specialty

Feeling confident that both prices and work will prove satisfactory, I solicit your patronage.

Dr. Richards,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Julian St., Ebensburg.
May 7, 1897.

NINE-TENTHS

Of all the Ills are due to Constipation.
LAXA TEA
cures constipation and sick headache. Pleasant to take, does not gripe. For sale by all your druggists, 10c and 25c. Samples free. Manufactured by THE JOHN H. HULL CO., Warren, Pa.. 3 12 97

LARRABEES RHEUMATIC LINIMENT

has enjoyed a constant patronage for over sixty years. It is wonderfully efficacious in all painful diseases, such as
Rheumatism, Lumbago, Catarrh, Toothache, Neuralgia, Backache
and other ailments where pain is an attendant. Try it. At drug stores, or by mail on receipt of name, address and 25 cents.
WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO., Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

'Tis a whiff
from the far off
woods of Spain
that greets us when we seek
repose upon a bed of clean
CORK SHAVINGS,
and the best of it is the price
is low.
Your dealer will supply them.

Tea Clubs
We will interest you. Send us your address on a Postal Card.
AMERICAN TEA CO.,
Pittsburg, Pa.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

THE SEASON
FOR SELLING
Summer Goods!

is about over, but we still have quite a lot on hand that we want to dispose of before putting in fall goods. There are many things in what are considered Summer Goods that are suitable for fall wear—just the kind you will need for this time of the year.

We want you to look over our stock of Clothing. If there is anything you need in the line we may be able to save you some money, as our stock is full and we must make room for fall and winter goods which will soon be in.

In Shirts, Overalls, Hats, Gloves, and in fact everything in that line you need, we carry a large stock of. You will need Fruit Jars, Tin Cans, Jelly Glasses, Tumblers, etc., for putting up fruit. We have a large stock of them.

This being between seasons, as it is called, it is hard to know just what you do want, but we are keeping up a full assortment in all lines, and shall take pleasure in showing you through the stock.

BARKER BROS.,
Cor. High and Centre Streets, Ebensburg, Pa.

Fall Announcement!

We are now prepared to show you the largest and best selected stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing and Overcoats in Cambria county, with prices as low as ever.

We bought our fall goods before the advance and will give our customers the benefit of early purchase.

We have by far the largest assortment of
OVERCOATS
we have ever had, and at prices away down. All our fall and winter Clothing was made expressly for us by first-class tailors and and are equal to the finest merchant tailors' make. We have a complete stock of Shoes, both heavy and fine goods. It will more than pay you to buy your Clothing, Gents' Furnishings and Shoes from us. A visit to our store will convince you that the best place in the State to buy Clothing is at

C. A. SHARBAUGH'S,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

There's Pleasure
And satisfaction in a good cooking appliance, one that is a good baker and a perfect roaster
CINDERELLA STOVES & RANGES
Are made in all styles and sizes, with a view of meeting every want of the housekeeper at moderate cost. They have all the latest improvements, and are made of the best material, and by the best workmen. They have many good points not found in other stoves.
We simply claim for the CINDERELLA what we can prove—no more. Judge for yourself.
Your money back if not satisfied.

Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrick. HASTINGS—I. L. Binder. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—P. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son. CRESSON—Cresson Stove Store. [feb22.96.]

FIGHTING THE FEVER.

Experts Getting a Firm Grip on Yellow Jack.

ONE MORE DEATH IS REPORTED.

A Mulatto Succumbed at Ocean Springs, Miss.—No New Cases There or at New Orleans—Former Place and Biloxi Isolated—Three New Cases at Biloxi.

BILOXI, Miss., Sept. 8.—Three well defined cases of yellow fever have developed here. They are under guard and no fear is felt.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 8.—The United States authorities are awaiting the report of Dr. Guiteras of the University of Pennsylvania, the yellow fever expert, who arrived at Ocean Springs, Miss., today, before they will be convinced that the cases there are yellow fever. Meanwhile disinfecting machinery and marine hospital service officials have been ordered here.

No more cases have been developed here.

At the Gelpi residence, where the first and fatal case was reported, the premises were thoroughly impregnated with sulphur, and it is believed every lingering germ therein has been killed. The four inmates, two servants and the mother and brother of the boy, are absolutely quarantined. No one is permitted either to enter or leave the house, which will be in charge of the board for five days.

The board of health office has been thronged with people. Many came to inquire as to the probability of a modification of the sweeping quarantine proclamation, so that their friends and relatives so ourning at Mississippi sound resorts might be allowed to come home, and others came to secure health certificates in order that they might leave the city. A trainload of people from the coast were sidetracked beyond the city limits awaiting such action by the board as would permit them to come into town.

Complaint has been made that Ocean Springs and Biloxi are being deprived of mail facilities. Arrangements will be made to take the mail from the stations at Ocean Springs and Biloxi by means of pouch catches. Uninfected points are not affected.

A complete inspection camp has been organized at the Rigolets, through which an entrance is made to the city. No doubtful case will be allowed to come in. Inspectors have been sent to all the gulf coast points to make a full and thorough examination of their health and sanitary conditions.

There seems to be no threatened exodus from the city. All but one road reports business outgoing as normal.

Only one additional death has been reported at Ocean Springs with symptoms of yellow fever, a mulatto.

No new cases have been reported. Ocean Springs has now been absolutely cut off from the outside world and the only means of reaching the town are by wire or mail. The telegraph operator there is well nigh worked to death.

Serious suffering is certain to follow. It is said there is only one ton of ice in the town and there is no way to get more. Ice is necessary where fever rages.

HUNDREDS WILL PERISH.

A Government Official Deplores the Rush to Klondyke.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The treasury department has made public a letter received from a government official now on the way to the gold fields, stating at the same time that the writer, whose name is withheld, had been 12 years in the service and is thoroughly reliable. It is dated Dyea, Aug. 22, and says in part:

"I have had a long talk with Mr. Ivey, collector of customs for Alaska, who is at present at Skaguay, three miles below here. Mr. Ivey informed me that there are now on Skaguay trail between tidewater and the lake something like 4,000 people and 2,000 horses. Sixteen vessels are chartered to land cargoes at that place between now and Sept. 15, and that the number of passengers will average 200 to each vessel, making 3,200 more people who will attempt to go in this fall.

"I have talked with some of the most experienced traders and miners in this vicinity, and they are unanimous in the prediction that not over 20 per cent of this vast number will get through to Dawson before winter sets in. The other 80 per cent will be caught on the trail. If the rush continues two weeks longer hundreds will inevitably perish.

"The postmaster and Indian trader at this place (Mr. Heron) states that more that 1,000 men have gone up the Chilkoot pass during the past 30 days, and that 700 of them are still this side of the lake (24 miles from here). At the present rate of influx another 1,000 will enter the trail by Sept 10. Mr. Heron is of the opinion that not more than 20 out of 100 will get through. He says if the rush continues another week the resultant loss of life will be appalling.

"I have talked with several men who have recently arrived here from the Klondyke, two of whom left there less than 30 days ago. They unanimously agree that while there is a rich gold field there the facts do not justify the present stampede, and they say there is bound to be much suffering and actual starvation. Provisions are already scarce and the prices of many articles absolutely prohibitory in the case of a man of ordinary means."

STRIKE PRACTICALLY SETTLED.

Miners Considering a Satisfactory Agreement In DuBois (Pa.) Region.

DU BOIS, Pa., Sept. 8.—A settlement of the miners' strike in this region has been practically effected. The committee appointed at the convention last week to conduct all negotiations looking toward a settlement met General Manager Robinson here. The situation was fully discussed and before adjourning, an article of agreement was signed by Mr. Robinson and the members of the committee, which is mutually agreeable. The proposition made by Mr. Robinson is being submitted to the miners at the company's various collieries, and if acceptable, which is very likely, work will be resumed at all mines tomorrow. The agreement is eminently satisfactory to the committee.

It provides, first, that a committee from the miners go to the Pittsburg region and elsewhere and get fully posted on prices for machine mining and other labor and the company will pay the highest proportionate scale paid in any competitive region; also that all mines resume Sept. 9 and whatever scale is found to be actually settled on will be paid by the company from that date. The committee will report to Mr. Robinson within a week.

MCKINLEY WARMLY GREETED.

Secretary Alger Says the People Are Gratified by Returning Prosperity.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Secretary Alger is again at his desk at the war department after being with the president since the latter began his vacation. In an interview he said:

"We found everywhere multitudes of people turning out to greet the president, and all the testimony we got showed the happiness of the people over feeling that the tide had turned and that there was enough work to do and enough food to eat. Nothing closes the mouth of the grumbler so quickly as work and food, and now there is work and wages for all."

Wheat Nearing a Dollar.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Wheat is getting close to the dollar mark again. December closed at 96½c.

LIVES BECAUSE AN AMERICAN.

A Cuban Sympathizer Released Through Efforts of Consul General Lee.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—The Ward line steamer Yumuri, from Tampico and Havana, brought Lorenzo Vives, who was arrested last December at the Hotel Angloterre in Havana and imprisoned at Cabanas for five months. Vives is an American citizen. The hotel proprietor, F. Villamil, reported to the Spanish authorities that Vives was a Cuban sympathizer and caused his arrest.

Vives was held at the Cabanas for five months, when he was taken out with a large number of other prisoners to be transported to Africa, but Consul General Lee interfered and demanded his release as an American citizen. Vives was sent to jail and later, through the efforts of General Lee, obtained his release.

Vives admitted that he had been sent out on a secret mission by the Cuban junta, but the Spanish authorities are unable to prove this. He says the only thing that saved him from death was the fact that he was an American citizen.

EXPLORER WELLMAN.

The Journalist to Start For North Pole Again In June.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Walter Wellman, the journalist and Arctic explorer, has arrived on the New York from Europe. He has been to Norway and Russia to consult with Dr. Nansen

WALTER WELLMAN.

and to arrange for a steamer and for a large number of dogs. He said that efforts would be made to reach the North pole until the feat was accomplished.

"At least three expeditions will be in the field next year," he said. "One will be that of Captain Sverdrup in the Fram; another that of Lieutenant Peary in Greenland, and the third the one that will be made by myself in Franz Josef Land.

"My arrangements are to sail from Bergen, Norway, in a staunch ice steamer on June 15. Ten men will comprise the expedition. They will be Norwegians with the exception of two or three Americans. We shall establish a supply station at Cape Flora leaving two men in charge. We shall set out on our journey toward the pole in the early part of 1899 and shall be equipped for a journey of 100 or 110 days. It will be a journey of about 550 English miles from Cape Fligely to the pole."

EUROPEAN WHEAT SHORTAGE.

The United States Will Be Required to Furnish a Vastly Increased Amount.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—W. P. Atwell, commercial agent of the United States at Robaix, France, sends to the state department a report on the short wheat crop in France. He says the wheat crop in France, and in fact in all Europe, has fallen much below the average, and it is estimated that the United States and Canada will be called upon to export from 120,000,000 to 130,000,000 bushels, more than they exported to Europe last year. France will require about 60,000,000 to meet the deficiency in that country.

Consul Heenan at Odessa, Russia, has made quite an extensive report to the state department concerning the failure of the crops in Russia.

In many districts it has been the wettest season ever known and grain has been destroyed by both rain and hail. Much of the grain was not worth the expense of binding. The wheat received at Odessa is of a very inferior quality. The report predicts that little will be exported from Russ a during the season of 1897–8, as there is little available for that purpose, the old stocks being practically exhausted, and the new crop little more than sufficient for the home demand. The failure of the wheat crop in Austria-Hungary, Roumania and Bulgaria, Consul Heenan continues, has brought buyers from those countries into Russia and wheat which would ordinarily leave Odessa by steamers is destined to go by rail from the interior into the countries named.

BETTER WHEAT PRICE PREDICTED

Secretary Wilson Talks After an Extended Tour of Observation.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Secretary Wilson has returned from his tour of the trans-Mississippi states. He went as far west as Montana and Utah, giving especial attention to the agricultural interests of the states visited, with particular reference to irrigation horse raising and sugar beet growing.

"I found the farmers in especially good spirits wherever I went," he said "There is no doubt that confidence is restored and that the country is justified in its anticipations of better times. The people are all busy in the west. Indeed I do not believe there is an idle man west of the Mississippi who wants work."

Mr. Wilson predicted a still farther advance in the price of wheat, due to the fact that there is not only a short crop abroad, but also because of the fact that, according to his observation, the crop will not be so extensive in this country as has generally been anticipated.

"With the improvement of the times," he said, "the average American is going to have all the flour his family can consume even though he may have to pay a little more for it. I believe that even without the shortage in the foreign crops the conditions in this country would have forced wheat to $1 a bushel. But," he added, "the improved condition of the farmer is due not alone to the enhanced price in wheat, but there has been a corresponding improvement in all farm products."

CROKER FOR MAYOR.

He Arrives In New York—Inclined to Be a Candidate.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Richard Croker has arrived by the American line steamer New York. Mr. Croker's fellow passengers have come to the conclusion that he is to be the Tammany Hall candidate for mayor of Greater New York. The understanding among Mr. Croker's friends is that he is very strongly inclined to permit the use of his name.

Ex-Queen Lil In the West.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Ex-Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii, accompanied by her traveling companions, J. Heleluhe and Mrs. Wakiki, arrived in Chicago yesterday from Washington and spent the day in sightseeing. The party left last night for San Francisco.

Armor Board In Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The naval board, which has been making inquiries as to the establishment of a government armor factory, has returned to Washington and established permanent quarters at the navy department.

MINERS IN SESSION.

Delegates From Competitive Fields In Columbus Today.

CONSIDERING PITTSBURG OFFER.

President Ratchford Thinks It Will Be Accepted—He Says Operators Would Keep Their Mines Closed, if Strikers Held Out For 69-Cent Rate.

COLUMBUS, Sept. 8.—The delegate convention of miners of the competitive coal fields to vote on the offer of the Pittsburg operators of 65 cents a ton for the rest of the year, as a basis of settling the miners' strike, convened here today at 10 a. m.

President Ratchford says he believes the miners will accept the 65 cent rate and return to work. "The miners will meet the proposition like men," he said, "and will be guided by their judgment rather than their desires. Our executive council was unanimous in its recommendations, each member, like myself, feeling that it was his duty to make known the actual condition and recommend according to his judgment. With this done, the case rests in the hands of the miners, and if they see fit to continue the strike, the responsibility of their failure will be their's and not their officials.

"I do not, however, anticipate any such contingency. The operators will never pay 69 cents, the price demanded. It would be cheaper for them to cancel all contracts and keep their mines closed until the first of next year. Now my advice to my fellow miners is to accept the recommendation of their officers. If they reject it they will have to fight it out to the end, and I fear the result. The advance demanded by the miners' organization is 15 cents a ton. The proposed compromise gives us 11 cents a ton, or 4 cents less than our demand.

"The gain to the Ohio miners alone, by multiplying the increase by the number of tons produced annually, would amount to $1,430,000. Add to this a proportionate advance to all branches of labor around the mines, and it will increase the amount to nearly $3,000,000, to be divided between 25,000 miners and mine laborers in this state alone. Carry this line of reasoning to the other states, and it will be found that the total gains to the miners of those states will exceed $9,000,000, or in the neighborhood of $75 or $80 per man. On Jan. 1, another increase, in my judgment will take place, though I am unable to say what the amount may be."

DEPUTIES DRIVEN AWAY.

Women and Strikers Prevent Eviction Near Finleyville, Pa.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 8.—The striking miners of the Pittsburg and Chicago Gas Coal company, at Orangeville, one and one-half miles from Gastonville, on the Wheeling division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, will stay in their houses a while longer. The attempt to evict them failed and resulted in a riot.

When 20 deputies from Washington, Pa., in charge of Chief Deputy Joseph Hemphill, reached Finleyville, they were met by a large crowd of strikers and forced to return to Gastonville, where they took refuge in the office of the company, where they were kept all night, stones and bricks being thrown at the building and an occasional shot fired.

Each deputy was armed with a winchester rifle and a revolver, but in spite of this the strikers, headed by about 100 Polish women, closed in on them and the deputies received rough treatment. One deputy, who left the building, was driven to Finleyville.

In the morning the deputies started to march to Orangeville. Each man carried his Winchester in his hands and his revolver was exposed, but the weapons had no terrors for the besiegers. Headed by the same women, the strikers rushed on the deputies with stones, clubs and pick handles, and the blows fell thick and fast. A number of the deputies were badly injured.

They took refuge in an empty house, but finally agreed to leave town. They then returned to Gastonville, but were driven from that place and returned to Washington.

David and James Van Eman, members of the company, said that for the present at least no more attempts would be made to evict the strikers.

Later D. W. Van Eman announced that he would pay the district price, as arranged at Columbus.

STRONG POINTS AGAINST LUETGERT.

Love Letters He Wrote to a Widow Read In Court.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Two strong points were scored by the prosecution in the Luetgert trial, and unless the defense is able to impeach the testimony of the witnesses their evidence is likely to have considerable weight with the jury.

The two witnesses were Nicholas Faber, who testified that on the night of May 1 he saw Luetgert and his wife enter the sausage factory, and Charles Hengst, who swore that on the night of May 1 he passed the factory and heard a cry from within as though some one was in pain.

The reading of the love letters which had been written by Luetgert to Mrs. Feldt, a widow, was great fun for the crowd in the courtroom, and it was very embarrassing for the defendant, as in several of them he had spoken in a slighting manner of the lawyers who are now conducting his defense, saying that they were "greedy" and "not able to handle a trial of such importance."

Assignee's Report on Gardner Failure.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Sept. 8.—The assignee's report of the suspended banking house of Gardner, Morrow & Co. of Hollidaysburg has been filed in the Blair county court. The assets for distribution are $14,055. This showing indicates that the 600 depositors will receive 3 per cent of the amount of their claims. When the bank failed one year ago a notice posted on its front door informed creditors that they would be paid dollar for dollar.

American Woman In Jail.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The Duke and Duchess of Rio Grande have been arraigned in the Marylebone police court charged with defrauding hotels and boardinghouses. The duke is said to be a Brazilian nobleman and the duchess, it is asserted, is a niece of ex-United States Senator Omar D. Conger of Michigan. The prisoners were remanded to jail for a week.

Fire In Cairo, W. Va.

CAIRO, W. Va., Sept. 8.—A fire which started in the engineroom of the Cairo Manufacturing and Lumber company destroyed it and half a dozen other establishments, including the chief business portion of the town. A number of dwelling houses also burned and 20 people are homeless. Total loss, $50,000.

Will Resign to Mayor Harrison.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Members of the Chicago civil service commission will tender their resignation to Mayor Harrison immediately upon his return to the city. This comes as a climax to the struggle between the commission and the Democratic leaders which has been waged since the election last spring.

Hawaiian Senate Called.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The state department has been notified by Minister Sewall at Honolulu that President Dole has issued a call for a session of the Hawaiian senate on Sept. 8. The object of the session is supposed to bear on the proposed annexation treaty with the United States.

DEADLY NITROGLYCERIN.

An Explosion Killed Six Known and Others Unknown In Ohio.

CYGNET, O., Sept. 8.—A terrible explosion of nitroglycerin has occurred here, which resulted in the death of six people, whose names are known and others at present unknown.

The killed are:
Sam Barber.
Allen Fallis.
John Thompson.
Charles Bartel.
Henry Lansdale.
—— Havens, a boy.

Grant well, located at the rear of the National Supply company's office building, in the village limits, had just been shot by Samuel Barber, the shooter for the Ohio and Indiana Torpedo company. The well was a gasser and when the 120 quarts of glycerin let down into the well exploded, the gas ignited and with a terrific roar the flames shot high above the derrick. As soon as the drillers saw the flames several climbed into the derrick to shut off the gas, but they had hardly gotten there when there was a terrific explosion.

The burning gas ignited cans of nitroglycerin in two wagons nearby.

The drillers in the derrick were killed. Their names are not known.

The damage to the Ohio Oil company will amount to $3,000. Eight buildings are a total wreck and many others damaged. The town has a population of about 1,200. Many bystanders were wounded.

THE PRESIDENT HAS CALLERS.

A Public Reception to Occur at Somerset, Pa., This Evening.

SOMERSET, Pa., Sept. 8.—A great number of people have called on President McKinley, including George W. Pullman, the Chicago millionaire, and Senator Thurston of Nebraska. It is thought that Attorney General McKenna will be here today, and many other distinguished visitors are expected during the week. Among them Governor Lowndes of Maryland.

The president and Mrs. McKinley took a short drive to the country in a carriage drawn by a team of ponies owned by their niece, Miss Mabel McKinley. It is probable that people from all parts of the county will come here today to attend a public reception to be held in the evening.

ROW OF THE ARCHITECTS.

A New Man May Be Selected to Make Capitol Plans to Suit.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 8.—The capitol commission has held a short session in the executive chamber, to consider the selection of designs for a new statehouse. A communication was read from the Philadelphia chapter of the American Institute of Architects condemning the attempt of certain architects to overthrow the program of competition of architects. John H. Weiss of Harrisburg, counsel for Furness, Evans & Co. of Philadelphia, asks that the board of experts be ordered by the the commission to make a more careful examination of the firm's plan.

It was finally decided to adjourn until Thursday afternoon and in the meanwhile the experts will go over the plans of the Philadelphia firm and Hardin & Gooch of New York and prepare a report to the commission as to the material used in making the drawing and other technicalities. The prospects are that at its next meeting the commission will either select one of the plans recommended by the experts or reject the experts' report and agree upon an architect who shall make a plan to meet the wishes of a majority of the commission.

RITTER DECIDES TO ACCEPT.

The Democratic Candidate Will Make a Tour of the State.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Sept. 8.—Hon. Walter E. Ritter of this city has decided to accept the nomination for auditor general tendered him by the Democratic state convention. He has made this announcement.

This decision was arrived at after a thorough consideration of the matter and consultation with his friends throughout the state. Later on he will make a tour of the state.

Pennsylvania Day Oct. 13.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 8.—A meeting of the executive committee of the Pennsylvania commission to the Nashville exposition has been held here. It was decided to make Oct. 13 Pennsylvania day. The commission, with the governor and staff and supreme and superior courts, will leave here Oct. 8, spending two days at Chattanooga at the dedication of the Pennsylvania monuments.

Pittsburg Miners Accepted.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 8.—The miners' district convention will accept the 65-cent rate. Delegates to Columbus went uninstructed.

Manufacturing Plants Starting.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 8.—Manufacturing industries in this vicinity are taking a start and at present the prospects of a heavy fall business is good

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 7.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 91@92c; No. 2 red, 89@90c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 37@37½c; No. 2 shelled, 36@36½c; high mixed shelled, 36@37c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 26@26½c; No. 2 do. 25@25½c; extra No. 3 white, 25½@24c; light mixed, 21@22c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $10.00@10.25; No. 2, $9.00@8.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, $8.00@8.50; packing, $6.00@6.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, $7.00@7.50; wagon hay, $11.00@12.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large spring chickens, 4½@5c per pair; small, 2@3½c; large old chickens, 55@65c per pair; small, 4½@5c; ducks, 50@75c per pair; turkeys, 9@10c per pound. Dressed—Spring chickens, 13@14c per pound; old chickens, 10@11c; ducks, 14@15c; turkeys, 13@14c.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 20½@21c; extra creamery, 19½@20½c; Ohio fancy creamery, 17@18c; country roll, 12@14c; low grade and cooking, 6@8c.

CHEESE—New York full cream, new make, 9¾@10¼c; Ohios, full cream, new make, 9@9½c; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11½@12c; limberger, new, 8@8½c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 10½@11c; Swiss, in bricks, 5-pound average, 9½@10c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, large lots, 15@15½c, in a jobbing way, 16@16½c.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 7.

CATTLE—Receipts on Monday light, about 75 cars on sale; market steady for good grades; common grades slow; supply today was light; prices unchanged. We quote the following prices: Prime, $5.00@5.10; good, $4.75@4.90; tidy, $4.40@4.65; good butchers', $4.25@4.5.; fair, $3.85@4.00; common, $3.40@3.70; heifers, $3.50@4.35; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@4.15 common to good fat oxen, $2.00@4.0.; bologna cows, $15.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $20.00@45.00.

HOGS—Receipts on Monday 30 double-deck cars; market a shade lower; supply today fair, 10 cars on sale; market dull and prices lower. We quote the following prices: Prime pigs, $4.50@4.55; best light Yorkers and mediums, $4.45@4.50; grassers and stubblers, $4.25@4.35; heavy, $4.30@4.40; roughs, $2.75@3.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply on Monday light, 10 cars on sale; market firm at unchanged prices; receipts today light; market for sheep steady; lambs strong. We quote prices as follows: Choice, $4.10@4.2.; good, $3.90@4.00; fair, $3.50@3.75; common, $2.50@3.40. Lambs—Choice, $5.20@5.5.; common to good, $4.00@5.10; veal calves, $6.50@7.00; heavy and thin calves, $3.00@4.00

CINCINNATI, Sept. 7.

HOGS—Market quiet at $3.00@4.45.
CATTLE—Market steady at $2.00@4.25.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady at $2.25@3.75. Lambs—Market steady at $3.75@5.50.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.

WHEAT—Spot market strong; No. 2 red, $1.04.
CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 37½c.
OATS—Spot market firmer; No. 2, 29½@29c.
CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 10½@11½c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 9@9½c per pound.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, $3.00@4.25; lambs, $4.80@5.60.
HOGS—Market lower at $4.45@4.65.

Worth Remembering.

This Information Will Save Many a Dollar and a Heap of Trouble.

When gathering tickets on a train, a good-natured conductor noticed a passenger fumbling and fussing in every pocket for his ticket, which he apparently held unconsciously between his teeth. Enjoying the embarrassment of the traveler along with some fellow passengers in the adjacent seats, he finally, much to the astonishment of the gentleman, reached forth his hand, took the ticket, looked at it, punched it, smiled, then proceeded down the aisle to the next car. When he closed the door a passenger, who had enjoyed the situation, said to the late holder of the ticket, "A pretty fair sample of absent-mindedness, eh?" "Don't you fool yourself," was the reply; "the ticket was two weeks old, and I was sucking the date off it." Now this anecdote has nothing earthly to do with Conductor George McKinley, of 233 Washington street, New Castle, Pa., but it serves to introdnce him to the reader, and makes him in a measure acquainted with a good, reliable authority on the question he discusses below. Mr. McKinley says: "The jolting and jarring of a train in traveling a thousand miles each week caused my kidneys to make themselves manifest. I had severe pains in my back, which nearly all other railroad men suffer from, for when standing in a moving train there is a constant strain on the muscles of the back. I heard such high recommendations of Doan's Kidney Pills that I bought a box, and used them as directed. The kidneys soon ceased grumbling, and my backache disappeared. I have taken pleasure in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills to others who I know were suffering from kidney troubles."

Doan's Kidney Pills, for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

Constipation

Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. The best remedy is Ayer's Pills. Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and everywhere endorsed by the profession.

"Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."—Dr. I. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a cathartic for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"For several years Ayer's Pills have been used in my family. We find them an

Effective Remedy

for constipation and indigestion, and are never without them in the house."—Moses Grenier, Lowell, Mass.

"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."—L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.

"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure."—D. Burke, Saco, Me.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—James Quinn, 90 Middle st., Hartford, Conn.

"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a faithful trial of their merits."—Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.

Ayer's Pills,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co. Lowell, Mass
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

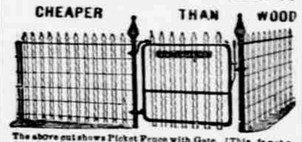
$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

H. HALLETT & CO.,
Box 880,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

Steel Picket Fence.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD



The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. [This is not a setting] can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also manufacture Heavy Iron Fencing, Cresting, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Doors, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW GUARDS, and all kinds of IRON WORK.

TAYLOR & DEAN,
201, 203 & 205 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa.
mch 6 96 1y.

Robert Cassidy's Shaving Parlor

Located on Centre street near O'Hara's Livery office. Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing done in the neatest and best manner. A share of your patronage solicited.
ROBERT CASSIDY.

FAT FOLKS REDUCE from 10 to 50 lbs per month by a harmless treatment by prescription of a leading physician of 20 years' experience. No bad effects. No dieting or detention from business. No starving, wrinkles or flabbiness. Improves general health and beautifies complexion. Pimples and scurvy ladies endorse it. Thousands cured. **PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL.** Confidentially. For particulars address, with stamp,
DR. SNYDER. N. Y. Mirror's Theater, CHICAGO, ILL. Or 1007 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.
oct25,95 1y

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

For all BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISEASES. They purify the BLOOD and give HEALTHY action to the entire system.
Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.
April 16 79 1y

Mountain House Shaving Parlor,
Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving par or on Centre street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.
Your patronage solicited
P. Y. PEPS

CANCER and TUMORS CURED no knife. Book free. DRS. GRATIGNY & BYRD, 224 Elm St. Cincinnati, O.

LADIES!

Are you reckless enough to venture? If so, send two cents in stamps to the *Mark Publishing Co.*, 288 and 290 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated **"Ladies' Books."** It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.

On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of their famous house hold game **Yerba.**

For ten cents they will also send a book containing complete words of "The Mikado," and music of its most popular songs, together with ten exquisite chromo cards.

QUINEPTUS!

A very pleasing, harmless glycerinized aromatic compound for disguising the taste of quinine and other bitter drugs, also useful as Cold Pills. **Price, 75 Cents per Pint Bottle.** Prescribed by thousands of physicians in Europe and America. Formula accompanies every bottle. For Sale by Druggists.

Manufactured by
The Academic Pharmaceutic Co.,
LONDON AND NEW YORK.
532—536 WASHINGTON ST., NEW YORK CITY

ROYAL ELIXIR.

An elegant English pharmaceutic preparation for bilious, malarial and blood troubles; the result of over twenty-five years of most eminent scientific research.
Approved by the highest medical authorities. In use in the hospitals in every part of Europe. Especially helpful to ladies, children and people of sedentary habits.
Entirely vegetable; free from harmful drugs.
In Handsome Packages, Price 50 Cts.

Prepared solely by
The Royal Pharmaceutic Co
LONDON AND NEW YORK,
Chemists by appointment to Her Majesty the Queen and to the Royal Family.
NEW YORK BRANCH:
130, 132, 134 Charlton St

ROYAL PILLS.
Same medicinal properties as ROYAL ELIXIR. In boxes, 30 pills to box, for 25 cents.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

REMEMBER THE BIG FOUR!

Vinegar Bitters CORDIAL, delicious taste, 50c.
Vinegar Bitters POWDERS, 50 doses, 50c.
Vinegar Bitters, new style, pleasant taste, $1.00
Vinegar Bitters, old style, bitter taste, $1.00

The World's Great Blood Purifier and Life Giving Principle.
Only Temperance Bitters Known.
The past fifth of a Century the Leading Family Medicine of the World.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VINEGAR BITTERS
R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors,
SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK.

KOPFALINE
THE GREAT GERMAN HEADACHE CURE
A QUICK RELIEF FOR EVERY TYPE OF HEADACHE.

FOUR CARDINAL POINTS RESPECTING HEADACHE.

Never forget that all headaches are essentially nervous. By quieting the nerves you stop the headache.

Every headache is a prayer of the cranial nerves for REST.—Soothe them with KOPFALINE.

Should your headache be nervous, sick, periodic, dyspeptic, or be caused by worry, anxiety, excesses and kind or brain weariness, use KOPFALINE.

When children suffer with headache, or any one else for that matter, use KOPFALINE, the best remedy ever offered. Safe, sure, wonderfully quick in action.

KOPFALINE cures every type of headache, especially that distressingly painful type peculiar to ladies suffering from irregularity or uterine irritation, or whose duties require them to stand for long periods.

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★
KOPFALINE CURES
NERVOUS SHOCK, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS HEADACHE, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, MENTAL WORRY, DIGESTIVE AILMENTS, PALPITATION, WEAK CIRCULATION, ALCOHOLISM AND OTHER EXCESSES, AND ALL ailments and conditions where nerve waste goes on

KOPFALINE
Is invaluable for Teachers, Scholars, Preachers Students, Merchants, Editors, Men, Women and Children. Everybody whose nerves are at all likely to get out of order.
It is absolutely safe under all circumstances and conditions. Price, 25 cents.
Sold by druggists generally, or sent to any address on receipt of price.
SOLE PROPRIETORS.
WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO
BALTIMORE, Md., U. S. A.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does all that is claimed.

It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the hair; heals dandruff and cleanses the scalp; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE **WHISKERS**
Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.
PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; large profits, quick sales. SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Gen. A. [illegible], 849 Broadway, N. Y.

The Big Chance AND THE BEST - PLACE TO BUY GOOD GOODS CHEAP!

Our new stock of seasonble styles is now open and ready.

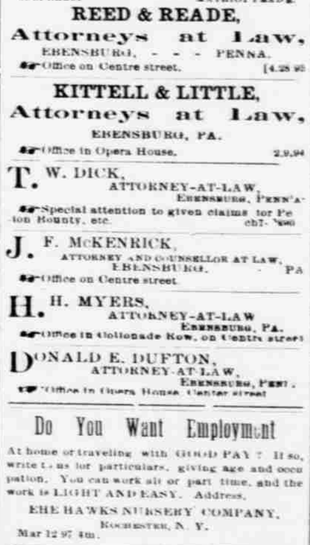
Such qualities and such prices have never before been offered to customers.

A Thoroughly New and First-Class Stock

combining quality and elegance with prices strictly low. Come in at once and see the new designs and finest styles of the season in Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

The newest ideas, the best-made goods, the greatest variety and the lowest prices. Prices within the reach of all. And now is the time to buy. We stand at the top in style and variety. Our principle—fair dealing. One price and that is lower than the lowest. Our welcome word for all is BARGAINS.

FRAILEY BROS.,
THE ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS.
Roberts Building, High Street, EBEN. BURG, PA.



never wants to learn, but the

WISE MAN

reads that

OLD HONESTY CHEWING TOBACCO

is the best that is made, and at ONCE tries it, and saves money and secures more satisfaction than ever before. AVOID imitations. Insist on having the genuine. If your dealer hasn't it ask him to get it for you.
JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

S. L. REED. MATHOT I. READE.
REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
☞Office on Centre street. [4.28 95

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞Office in Opera House. 2.9.95

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PENN'A
☞Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ch7-'95

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA
☞Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞Office in Mollonade Row, on Centre street

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
☞Office in Opera House, Center street

Do You Want Employment

At home or traveling with GOOD PAY? If so, write L. as for particulars, giving age and occupation. You can work all or part time, and the work is LIGHT AND EASY. Address,
THE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY,
ROCHEST